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# The Daily Colonist.

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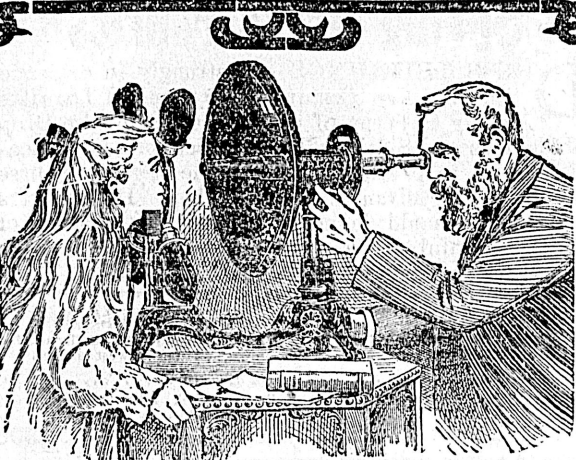
HALL & WALKER

100 Government Street. Phone 28.

VOL. XCI, NO. 86.

VICTORIA DAILY COLONIST, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1904.

FORTY-SIXTH YEAR.



## Eyes Examined Free

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DUNDEE

A WHIFF OF HEATHER. WHISKY. HUDSON'S BAY CO., Agents

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## New Grass Seeds!

A complete Line of Specially Selected Grass and Clover Seeds just arrived. Prices Low. Quality the very choicest. The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

## Blocking Port Arthur

Report That as a Result of Attack the Harbor is Completely Closed.

Instigated By Russians Party of Koreans Attack Japanese But Are Repulsed.

Tokio Diet Now in Accord on Proposed Fiscal Programme.

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE LONDON TIMES AND VICTORIA COLONIST.

Tokio, March 22.—A rumor is in circulation in official quarters here that, as a result of the attack on Port Arthur, the Japanese have succeeded in completely blocking the entrance to the harbor. Inquiries failed to elicit any confirmation of the report.

Instigated by Russian agents, a party of Koreans, well armed, attacked the Japanese outposts at Huan Hwang. They were driven off, and soon afterwards were attacked by a detachment of Japanese troops from Wonsan. A sanguinary encounter resulted, in which the Koreans were defeated and their leaders captured.

The Korean loss was two killed, 20 wounded and 35 captured. It is expected that an imperial order has been issued by the Korean Emperor opening Yungnam to foreign trade.

The Diet has adopted resolutions thanking the navy, in the name of the nation, for the several successes that have resulted since the beginning of the war. It was announced by the leaders of both political parties that they are in complete accord with the programme for raising the revenue needed for the conduct of the war. The compromise whereby the tax on land has been reduced and that proposed on salt and silk stuffs is eliminated from the bill, has dissipated the opposition, and the revenue bill will likely be passed without a dissenting vote. The total amount affected by the changes is about \$5,000,000. It is expected that the bill, as finally passed, will provide that the increased tax shall be levied for one year only, and not five, as was at first proposed.

## UNITED IN DEATH.

New York, March 22.—The dead bodies of Mrs. Maria Schultz and George Barkhardt were found in a room in a Jersey City boarding house today by Charles Schultz, the woman's husband. Barkhardt held a pistol in his hand, and had apparently fired the shot at the woman, and then at himself. The body was found saying that they had decided to die together.

## AUDIENCE WITH POPE.

Archbishop Bezin, of Quebec, Received by His Holiness in Private.

Rome, March 22.—The Pope today received in private audience Archbishop Bezin, of Quebec.

Archbishop Bezin reported to the Pope the condition of Catholicism in Canada, especially in the archdiocese of Quebec. The archbishop, having spent some time in Paris, the Pope expressed to him his sorrow at the condition in France, saying that the government there seemed to be entirely in the hands of the anti-religious elements.

The pontiff, knowing Archbishop Bezin was indisposed, asked him to remain in Rome until his health is entirely restored. After the private audience, the archbishop presented to the Pope several priests from Canada, and Mr. Huot, the printer of Quebec, Mrs. Huot and Miss Huot.

## To Re-open the Sealing Question

Russia Desires Enlargement of Commission Now Assessing Damages.

Many Petitions Are Presented to Ottawa House on Sabbath Observance.

From our own correspondent.

Ottawa, March 22.—Mr. Blair at the railway commission today stated if the municipalities of Port Arthur and Fort William desired to appeal the recent judgment to the Supreme court the board would facilitate their action. Exhibition Commissioner William Hanchison today slipped and broke his ankle.

In connection with the sealing negotiations with Russia the Canadian commissioner has been notified to confine himself to assessing the damages for the seizure of British Columbia vessels many years ago. If the Russian commissioner desires to discuss other matters the Canadian commissioner is to withdraw.

A commission is now sitting in London, England, to assess the damages on a number of Canadian sealers seized in Behring sea in the early eighties by Russian cruisers. The legality of the seizures was decided upon some time ago, and all that this commission had to do was to fix the amount of damages which the Russian government would have to pay.

It now appears that a commissioner asked for a change in the regulations. This change is that pelagic sealing be abandoned in the Pacific.

Today 1847 petitions in favor of the Sabbath observance was presented to the house.

The militia bill was under discussion the whole day. Some members of opposition took exception to the provision to put a Canadian at the head of the militia on the ground that political influence might lead to the appointment of a man of no ability.

MAJORITY VERY LOW.

Irish Cheers Greet Announcement of Government's Close Call.

London, March 22.—The majority of the government again was very low tonight in the House of Commons, a motion upon the Irish law being defeated by a majority of only 16.

The figures were greeted with prolonged Irish cheers, and a voice, "You shall drink it to the dregs," when John Gordon Swift, MacNicol member for South Down, amid laughter, shouted, "We've twisted your plights."

## GEN. STOESSEL REPORTS A NAVAL ENGAGEMENT

Port Arthur was Attacked Tuesday Night and Yesterday Morning—The Russian Fleet Sailed Out to Engage the Japanese Battleships.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The Emperor has received the following telegram from Alexieff: "Lieutenant-General Stoessel reports that at midnight of March 21st the Japanese torpedo boats were discovered by our search lights. Our guardships and fort batteries opened fire upon them, the firing lasting for twenty minutes. At 4 o'clock in the morning the attack was renewed. At 6:30 in the morning four of the enemy's ships appeared from the south, followed by the whole squadron of eleven ships and eight torpedo boats. Our squadron left the roadstead to meet the enemy."

London, March 22.—A despatch to Reuters' Telegram Company from St. Petersburg says: "Japanese torpedo boats appeared off Port Arthur at midnight of the night of March 21-22, and the shore batteries and guardships shelled for twenty minutes."

"The Japanese retreated, but reappeared four hours later, when they met with the same reception, when they retreated again."

"At 6 a.m. a Japanese squadron of two divisions, composed of four battleships and eleven cruisers, and accompanied by eight torpedo boats, appeared and the Russian squadron pulled out to meet them."

"No further details regarding the action are available."

"At 9 a.m., the Japanese battleships, having fired several shots at Liao Tshin, and, sheltered behind the promontory, commenced another bombardment of Port Arthur."

St. Petersburg, March 23.—General Stoessel's report continues as follows: "At 9 o'clock the enemy's battleships opened fire on Liao Tshin, after which they took up a position behind the rocky eminence of Liao Tshin, and bombarded Port Arthur."

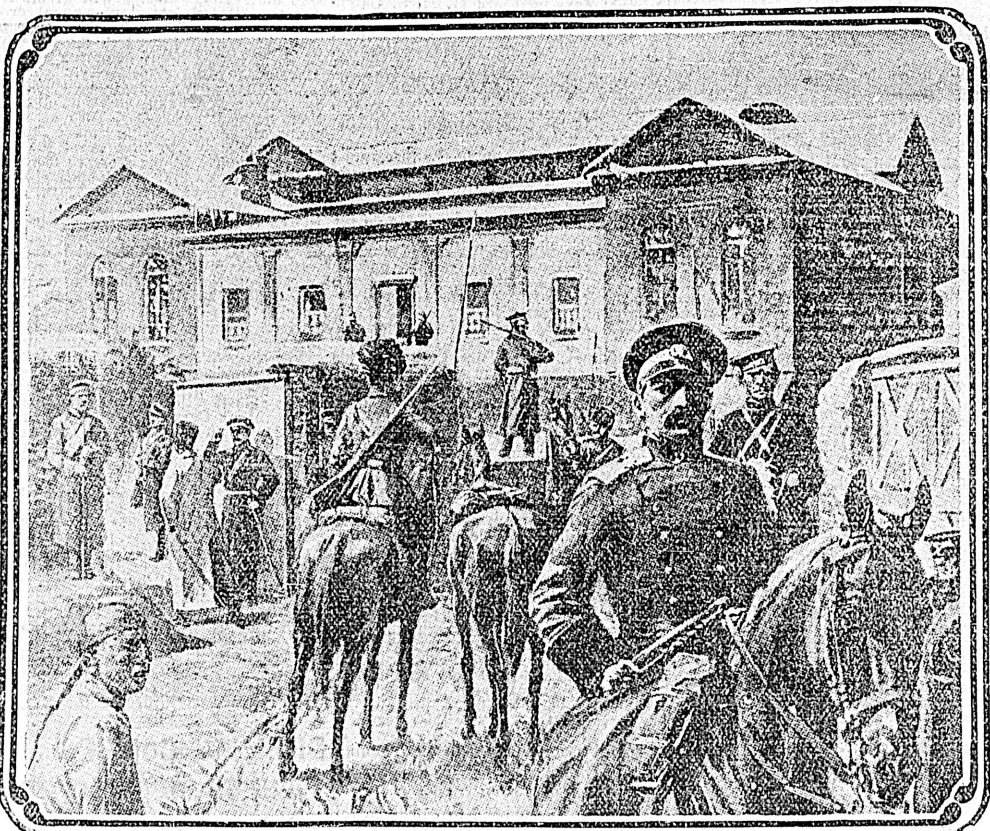
A later despatch from Viceroy Alexieff to the Emperor says: "According to a supplementary report from Lieut. General Stoessel, the enemy's fleet, consisting of six battleships and twelve cruisers, arrived about 9 o'clock in the morning. The fleet divided, the battleships and torpedo boats taking the position between Liao Tshin and Goh-ben-bia Bar (Pigeon bay), while the cruisers formed up in two sections to the south and southeast of Port Arthur. At 9:20 the battleship Itelvisan opened fire over the crest of Liao Tshin against the enemy's battleships, which replied by firing on the town. Meanwhile our fleet formed up in line in the outer roadstead. About 11 o'clock in the morning the cannonade slackened and the Japanese fleet, reuniting, drew off slowly to the southwest, and at 12:30 had disappeared. During the bombardment five soldiers were killed and nine wounded. One soldier on the shore was bruised."

Another telegram from Viceroy Alexieff to the Emperor gives Vice-Admiral

Makarov's report, as follows: "At midnight of March 21st two of the enemy's torpedo boats approached the outer roadstead, but were discovered by the searchlights of the batteries and fired upon by the forts and by the gunboats Bole and Osvay. They were obliged to retire. A second attack was made at 4 o'clock in the morning by three torpedo boats, which were also repulsed."

"At daybreak three detachments of the enemy's fleet, consisting of six battleships, six armored cruisers, six second and third-class cruisers and eight torpedo boats, approached from all sides. At 7 o'clock our squadron commenced to leave the inner harbor, the cruisers leading, with the Askold flying my flag, and the battleships following. The enemy's battleships approached Liao Tshin and fired 100 shells from their 12-inch guns at Port Arthur and 100 shells on the town. Our shells, fired at a range of eighty cables, were well placed. About 10 o'clock a Japanese battleship was struck by a shell and retired. We lost no men during the bombardment, which ceased at 11 o'clock, when the enemy's ships drew off without attacking our fleet."

## Gen. Stoessel's Headquarters, Port Arthur.



RUSSIAN HEADQUARTERS AT PORT ARTHUR FROM BLACK AND WHITE

## RUSSIA WANTS GOOD CANADIAN TALENT

Report That C. P. R. Vice President Offered Charge of Siberian Line.

Montreal, March 22.—It is reported in railway circles that the second vice president of the C. P. R. with supervisory over all western lines, has been asked by the Russian government to take charge of the Trans-Siberian railway. The report further stated that he had been offered a five years' engagement and at the end of that time the Russian government expected the road would be in a prosperous condition. Advice received today from Scotland point to the probability of Rev. P. Carnegie Stinson of the Reformed United Free Kirk, Glasgow, being appointed principal of the Presbyterian Theological College in succession to the late Rev. Principal MacVicar.

## AMER POISONED.

Report That Ruler of Afghanistan Has Been Murdered.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—Special-A telegram received here from Ashkabad states that the Amer of Afghanistan has been poisoned. No particulars can be learned.

## KOREANS EXECUTED.

Seoul, March 22.—Of 32 Koreans, formerly students in Japan, who are accused of conspiracy against the life of the Emperor and Crown Prince for the purpose of crowning Enliwa, who is now studying in America, three have been executed, and the others have been summoned to appear before a military tribunal.

## PROFESSIONALISM IN CANADIAN LACROSSE

Annual Meeting Good Friday Will Consider Proposed Amendment—News Notes.

Toronto, March 22.—The proposal to reorganize professionalism in the Canadian Lacrosse Association will come before the annual meeting on Good Friday. The question will be brought up by Dan A. Rose, past president, who will move that amateur athletes shall not lose their amateur status by competing with professionals in lacrosse. The proposal for which no money prizes are given or in championship competitions permitted by any lacrosse association. Another amendment will be moved by the Past President MacMillan prohibiting players from taking part in matches on Sunday.

THE CANADIAN BAPTIST. Rev. W. J. McKay, D. D., of Stratford, has accepted the editorship of the Canadian Baptist and will assume his new duties May 1st.

BLAMES LIQUOR. Lorrain, March 22.—Clement Goyette on trial here charged with the brutal murder of Thomas and Richard Colgan, father and son, at Alford last January attributes his deed to liquor. The defence will plead insanity, but experts on mental diseases who have examined him agree that while the prisoner is a degenerate he knows the difference between right and wrong. A weak will and an inordinate fondness for liquor cultivated for years is the combination that is held responsible for the double crime.

ACCIDENT ENDS FATALITY. Preston, March 22.—W. Boyle, who was accidentally shot by his son-in-law on Saturday is dead.

## OPENING OF THE QUEBEC LEGISLATURE

Prospects For a Lively Time Look Favorable—Contents of the Speech.

Montreal, March 22.—The session of the Quebec legislature opened today and the prospects are that it will last some time and be a lively affair. It is true that the legislative programme is a short one, but as it is probably the last session before the general elections a good deal of time will be devoted to the production of campaign material. The speech from the Throne contained a reference to the recent death of Provincial Treasurer Duffy, the prosperity of the province, the successful ending hoped for in connection with the fisheries dispute with the Dominion government, mineral resources, an expression of hope that the Dominion government was at last prepared to carry out the recommendations at the Quebec conference, provincial subsidies and a statement that the public accounts again showed a surplus for the year.

ANGLO-FRENCH ENTENTE. Two Nations Making Good Progress in Negotiations Concerning Morocco.

Paris, March 22.—According to the Petit Parisien's London correspondent, the negotiations between France and Great Britain with regard to the conclusion of a treaty concerning Morocco made a great advance at the end of last week. Agreements on important questions were submitted by both sides. The correspondent adds that it is anticipated an agreement on the essential points will be announced within a few days.

## Rushing the Construction

Japanese Hurrying the Building of the Military Road in Korea.

In Fight For Manchuria New Line Will Protect Army's Rear.

Frenchmen at Seoul Accused of Assisting the Russian Cause.

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE LONDON TIMES AND VICTORIA COLONIST.

Seoul, March 23.—The most interesting feature of the situation in Korea is the vigorous work the Japanese are working on the railway between Wiju and Seoul. The immediate object is the construction of a light military line to run as far as Ping Yang. This will later be made permanent and extended to Wiju. A force of 3,000 military engineers, under the command of a major-general, has been assigned to this task, and the majority are already at work in position and effecting repairs, with the necessary equipment, have already been shipped from Japan, and will be placed in position as soon as they arrive. The Japanese have rejected that part of the original French plan which provided for the terminal in the heart of Seoul, and have selected another route which crosses the hills to the west of the town, thereby saving several miles of construction and effecting a junction with the Seoul-Fusan railway, where the latter joins the Seoul-Chemulpo line, some miles west of Seoul. Nearly 100 miles of the roadbed is already in position and the line should be completed by next autumn.

The haste that is being made in the construction of this railway shows that Japan is going to leave nothing undone in the way of preparing a way for the transfer of troops to Manchuria. She is also admitting the possibility that she may not succeed in driving the Russians from Manchuria, and therefore, may have to defend Korea. With the railroad completed, her rear will be adequately protected and she can send supplies to the Yalu in an expeditious manner.

The Japanese minister, Mr. Hayashi, has addressed the Emperor in connection with the appointment of foreign advisers in the various departments of state. He recommended that no further appointments of that nature be made and that the foreign advisers at present in the service be gradually eliminated.

At present the positions occupied by foreigners are chiefly filled by persons of French nationality, and it is claimed by the Japanese that they are doing all in their power to advance the interests of Russia, the Koreans, and even in some ways are suspected of furnishing information to the Russians of Japanese military movements.

Most of these foreign advisers are connected with the military department, the engineering and mining industries and in many cases they have not been called on for their services since their appointment. Their annual salary is \$1,000, and it is alleged that in many cases they are not qualified for the posts to which they have been appointed. It is believed that, as the foreigners are weeded out, their places will be filled by Japanese experts.

The recent appointment of a Japanese officer as chief military adviser of the Emperor, indicates that the Japanese intend that the army shall be in sympathy with Japan, with their country. There are but fifteen thousand men in the army, and they are, for the most part, ill armed and equipped, and almost without the first rudiments of military education. It is believed that this army can be reduced to five thousand men who will be much more effective than the present force.

## Alexieff Reports Army Movements

An Encounter Between Russian Despatch Riders and Japanese Outpost.

The Enemy Has One Division and Pontoon Trains At Anju.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The following despatch has been received from Viceroy Alexieff dated Mukden, March 22: "Gen. Mischenkow reports that on March 17th our scouts approached Anju and observed on the left bank of the Chenchun river, opposite Anju, entrenchments made by the enemy. Up to that date the enemy had not appeared at Yong Pien. It is supposed that there is one enemy division at Anju, and the remainder of the first army corps is at Ping Yang. In consequence of the report that two squadrons of the enemy had arrived at Pak Chen two hundred of our cavalry were despatched for the purpose of preventing the enemy from crossing the river. Our cavalry found three Japanese squadrons on the left bank of the river, but they withdrew towards Anju on the arrival of our detachment without firing."

"On the night of March 19th two despatch riders encountered a Japanese patrol between Kasan and Chenchun. The patrol opened fire, but our despatch riders escaped unhurt."

"According to a report three thousand of the enemy's cavalry occupied Yong Pien, March 19th. Material for pontoon bridges has been placed in readiness north and south of Anju."

JEANLOUS MAN'S CRIMES.

New York, March 22.—Christians Kirschner, a boarding-house keeper of Brooklyn, today shot and dangerously wounded his wife and four-year-old son, and then committed suicide by shooting. Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause of the crime.

AN ACTRESS' DEATH.

New York, March 22.—Miss Margaret Monk, a character actress, who had played in companies with many of the great actors since Keen's time, was found dead in her lodgings on West Twenty-third street today. The coroner said death was due to natural causes. Miss Monk was about 50 years of age.



## Torpedoes That Did not Explode

Russian Said to Have Recovered Fifteen Wasted Missiles at Port Arthur.

Many Europeans and Chinese Were Killed in Unreported Bombardments.

London, March 22.—The Tokyo correspondent of the Times says it is rumored that the Korean government yesterday decided to open Yungnam to foreign trade. News from New Chwang that a south wind is dispersing the ice, points to the imminence of effective action, which, it is predicted, will at least reveal the carefully-laid plan of campaign. According to the Standard's St. Petersburg correspondent, the Russian government has just privately informed the Emperor that since the outbreak of the war 100,000 troops have been forwarded to the Far East by the Siberian railway. The Record of Trade warns the masters of British ships that they must not resist being stopped or searched by warships of

## ELEVEN RUSSIANS SHOT.

(Special.)—Eleven Russian soldiers have been shot after a summary court-martial, for ravaging and pillaging.

## NORTHERN SECURITIES.

New York, March 22.—The directors of the Northern Securities Company have issued a statement in which they make the following recommendations to the stockholders: First—That the capital be reduced to 2,540 shares, a reduction of 99 per cent. Second—That \$100 per cent be called in and cancelled. Third—That each share cancelled there will be delivered \$20.27 stock of the Northern Pacific Railway Company and \$30.17 stock of the Great Northern Railway Company; also proportionate amounts for each fraction of a share.

## LURID PROCLAMATION.

Chinese Opium Smugglers Threaten Dire Things to Christendom.

Shanghai, March 22.—A proclamation of the rebel leader Yuan, who, at the head of a thousand opium smugglers, recently defeated a detachment of Chinese troops, says he has no intention of causing trouble to the Chinese or to the foreigners in China, but, being determined to eradicate the false foreign religion, he will take 10,000 men, march to the western ocean and destroy the Christian religion of foreign countries. The proclamation especially condemns the Roman Catholics.

## Regulations For Naval Reserve

The Pay and Allowances of the Marine Corps About to Be Organized.

Scheme Will Be Confined to the Pacific And Atlantic For Present.

Ottawa, March 22.—It is generally understood in official circles that the project for the establishment of the Canadian Naval Reserve, which is to be submitted to parliament by Mr. Preston, at the present session, will be based largely upon the plan adopted by Newfoundland in the formation of its Royal Naval Reserve. It was in the year 1888 that Her Majesty's government sent a communication to the vice admiral commanding-in-chief the North American squadron, asking him to ascertain whether fishermen of the ancient colony would be willing to come forward and enter the Royal Naval Reserve in the event of a branch of the same being established in Newfoundland. The proposal was taken up with great interest, and the Royal Naval Reserve in Newfoundland is one of its permanent

features. Twenty-eight days' drill will have to be performed by all "qualified" seamen. The period of drill will have to be performed without a break. A retaining fee of £5 sterling, or about \$20.20 a year will be issued to "qualified" seamen. The pay of a "qualified seaman" whilst on drill will be as follows:

Pay, 1s. 4d. a day; subsistence allowance, 1s. 4d. a day; lodging allowance, 4d. a day; total, 3s. 6d., or about 73 cents.

This is the same pay as that received by a non-continuous service able seaman in the Royal navy. A "qualified seaman" can obtain a pension of £12 sterling, or \$58.40 a year at the age of 60, and previously if he is pronounced upon medical examination wholly and permanently incapacitated from earning his livelihood, provided he has served fifteen years in the Reserve, if entered before 30, and twenty years if entered after 30. Gratifications clothing to the extent of one suit of uniform for each year of training for a period of five years is issued by the admiralty. It consists of: 1. cap and ribbon, 1 blue serge jumper, 1 pair of blue tartan trousers, 1 black silk handkerchief, 2 flannels, 2 jean coats.

This means that during the six months that a man is serving his naval training on board a man-of-war the pay of "seaman," "seaman" and "qualified seaman" will be as follows:

The pay and allowances are the same as that given to continuous service ratings, together with an allowance of £4 5s. to provide bedding and clothing. Pay qualified seamen, 1s. 7d. a day; seamen, 1s. 3d. a day; firemen, 2s.

## Makaroff Did Not Put to Sea

Took His Ships to Harbor Entrance But Did Not Venture Outside.

Russians Have Learned the Lesson Taught By First Attack.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—In the last attack on Port Arthur, beginning with operations by torpedo boats and ending with a bombardment by battleships and cruisers, despatches to the Emperor from Vice-Admiral Alexieff, and private information, show that the Russians sustained no damage and had only five soldiers killed and ten wounded.

All information which has reached St. Petersburg shows that the defenders of Port Arthur had taken seriously to heart the enemy's attack. The torpedo boats at the beginning of the war, and were maintaining a sharp look-out. The Japanese torpedo boats were twice discovered sneaking towards the harbor under cover of darkness, but were driven off by a hot fire. The

### Westside

VICTORIA'S POPULAR STORE

## Dress Accessories and New Spring Dress Fabrics

DRESS TRIMMINGS are strongly in evidence for the New Costumes, the especial favorites being Galloons of every description, also Drop Medallions and Silk Appliques, which present indications seem to presage a considerable vogue for these ere the season advances much further. Dressmakers and others should inspect our magnificent stock of these beautiful trimmings now, while the stock is complete—A few hints of the prices.

NEW GALLOONS	NEW GIMP GALLOONS
Fancy Galloon Trimming, in Black and White effect.	Fancy Vandyke Gimp Galloon Trimming, in the newest shades.
Per Yard.....5c	Per Dozen.....90c
Fancy Black Silk and Wool Gimp Trimming.	Fancy Black Silk Trimming, 1 1/4 inches wide.
Per Dozen.....50c, 60c	Per Yard.....30c

NEW FANCY TRIMMINGS	NEW TENEREFEE RINGS
New Fancy White and Black Combination Trimming, PER YARD	Cotton Teneriffe Lace Rings
20c, 40c, 60c, 75c to \$1.25	Per Dozen.....60c
New Fancy Silk and Chiffon Applique Trimming, in White and Colors, PER YARD	Silk Teneriffe Lace Rings
75c, 90c, \$1.25 to \$2.75	Per Dozen.....90c
	DROP MEDALLIONS
	New Fancy Drop Medallions, in Black, White, also Black and White.
	10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 25c to 60c

**NEW WOOLEN FABRICS—FOR SPRING**  
Look at Our Show Window and we are sure you will step inside; that is, if you are in doubt as to where to buy the material for your New Spring Costume.

NEW FANCY VOILES	NEW FANCY TWEEDS
New Plaid Voiles, 42 inches wide, in all the wanted colorings.	New Fancy Tweeds, in neat color combinations, 54 inches wide.
Per Yard.....50c	Per Yard.....\$1.25
New Fancy Plaid and Plain French Voiles, 44 inches wide, in all the new colors	New Wool Basket Cloth, 44 inches wide, in all the new colorings.
Per Yard.....\$1.25	Per Yard.....90c

NEW HOMESPUNS	NEW HARRIS TWEEDS
New Plain Homespuns for Bicycle Costumes, 54 inches wide, all colors	Exclusive Suit Lengths of Harris Tweed, in rich fancy stripe effect
Per Yard.....\$1.00, \$1.25	Per Yard.....\$1.40
New Plaid Homespuns, in all the popular colorings, 54 inches wide	New Harris Tweeds, in suit lengths only, fancy light color weaves, 54 inches wide
Per Yard.....\$1.25	Per Yard.....\$1.50

Our Mail Order Department is Making Many Friends—Can We send You Samples?  
**THE HUTCHESON CO., LIMITED, VICTORIA.**

### Grand Millinery Opening

BEGINNING

## TUESDAY, 15th INST.

MRS. G. M. TRIPP, 96 YATES STREET

Buy your coal for cash and get a discount.

### Coal

HOUSEHOLD \$6.50 per ton

### Coal

5 per cent off on all spot cash sales

Cash must accompany order.

**W. H. JONES**

Belleville Street, Phone 407. (J. Baker & Co.'s old stand.)

### REAL HAIR SWITCHES

Pompadours and Transformations at reasonable prices.

—AT—

**MRS. C. KOSCHE'S**

Hairdressing Establishment.

55 Douglas St.

### LUBRICATING OIL

Lubricating Compound, Truck Grease, Marine Lubricants, at Bedrock Prices.

**QUINLAN IRON WORKS.**

ANDREW GRAY, Proprietor.

Pembroke St. Res. Tel. 100

### Onion Sets

Bee Supplies

**JAY & CO.,**

Phone 8700. 18 Broad Street. Near Fort

### RHEUMATISM

Mr. C. Little, 404 Symington Avenue, Toronto, writes: "I was so badly crippled with rheumatism, that owing to swelling, soreness and pain, I could not get my boots on, and walked with great difficulty. I got a bottle of Griffiths' Menthol Liniment, which gave me relief at once and speedily cured me. I can highly recommend it." Large bottles 25 cents. Special size 75 cents.

### The Congregational Church Annual Tea.

Will be held today (Wednesday) March 23rd. Tea served from 6 to 8 p.m. A good musical programme will follow. Admission to tea and concert, 25 cents. Everyone come!

### Spring Is Coming

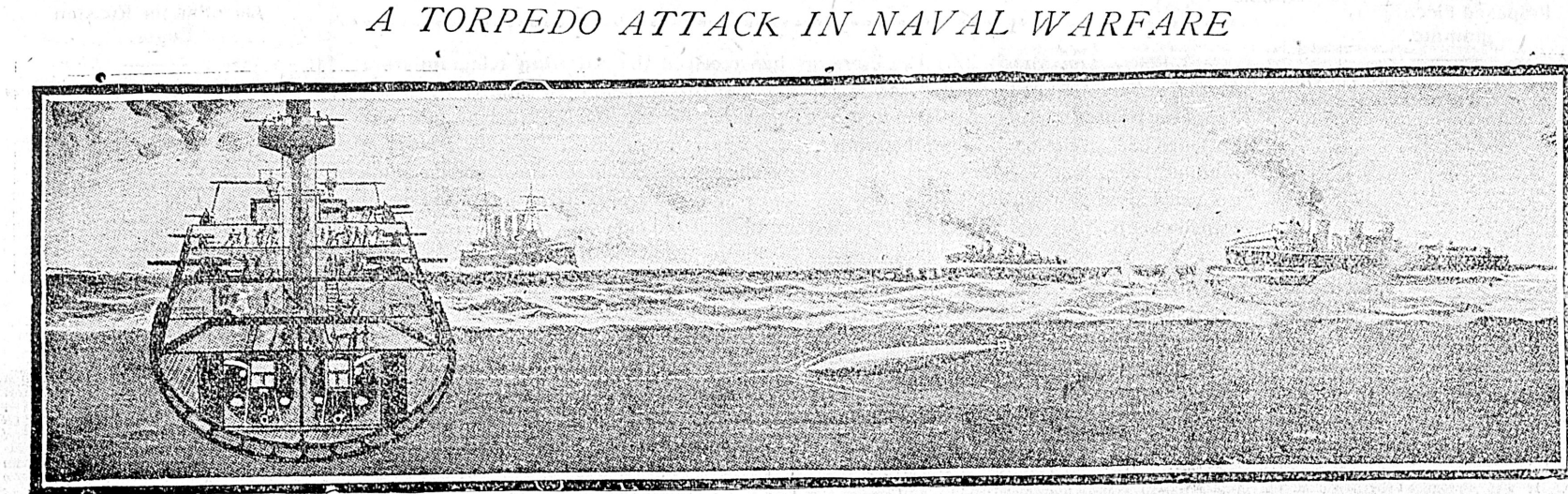
Sunshine will show all the spots and stains that dark weather conceals. Send your clothes to be cleaned, pressed and renovated at the Cowichan Laundry and save buying new ones. Prices most reasonable and first rate work done. Dry cleaning of silk goods a specialty. Curtains and blankets look like new. Freight paid one way. For prices address

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Tenders for the erection of a frame dwelling house on Burdette Avenue will be received up to noon on Monday, 28th inst. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

S. MACLAURE, Architect.

Room 5 Five Sisters' Block.



A TORPEDO ATTACK IN NAVAL WARFARE

either the belligerent countries for contraband of war.

The Daily Telegraph's Seoul correspondent, under date of March 22, reports the rising of a mob of Koreans against Japanese soldiers at Samung, north of Gensan. The Japanese dispersed the mob, killing five men and wounding twenty.

The Daily Chronicle publishes an unconfirmed rumor from Chefoo and New Chwang of the bombardments of Port Arthur on March 13 and 17, a number of Europeans and many Chinese being killed.

The Standard's Shanghai correspondent says a recent arrival from Port Arthur declares the Russians recovered fifteen Japanese torpedoes from the harbor which had not exploded, because in their excitement the Japanese forgot to withdraw the safety plug.

## BRITISH ASK PROTECTION.

Request That Vessel Remain at New Chwang on Guard.

New Chwang, March 23.—(Special.)—The British residents here have petitioned the British government through the local British consul to detail a warship to remain here during the period of hostilities. The Russians have greatly strengthened the armament of their port here, and it is claimed by the British residents that they have mounted guns to command the foreign settlement in violation of the principles of international law. The ice in the river is badly honeycombed and will likely pass out before the end of the week.

## PREMIER McBRIDE TAKES HIGH GROUND

Importation of Chinese to South Africa a Matter of National Interest.

Montreal, March 22.—The Star's London cable says: The opponents here of the government's policy in connection with the Chinese labor for South Africa made a great spread yesterday of Canadian criticisms. The only direct opposition comes from Goldwin Smith, Hon. Richard McBride, prime minister of British Columbia, and John Flett, president of the Dominion Trades Congress. Other Canadian authorities seem to agree with Sir Wilfrid Laurier that the matter is not one in which Canada should intervene, and that it should be left for the people of South Africa to decide. There is official authority to deny the statement current here that the Chinese government is again endeavoring to compel the British government to co-operate with the Chinese in the repeal of the anti-Chinese legislation before the Chinese are permitted to go to South Africa. The fact is negotiations between the British and Chinese governments are proceeding quite smoothly, but are strictly limited to the framing of regulations and have nothing whatever to do with the larger and more complicated questions involved in anti-Chinese legislation elsewhere.

## WIRINGS FROM WINNIPEG.

Minneapolis School Destroyed by Fire—Inquest Into Port Arthur Murder.

Winnipeg, March 22.—Westward school, at Minneapolis, valued at ten thousand dollars, was destroyed by fire this morning. There was \$1,000 insurance in the Commercial Union. The cause was overhauled furnace pipes.

The inquest over the remains of the late C. P. R. brakeman Meehan, at Port Arthur, killed on Friday by a freight named Donato, continued all day. Evidence favorable to the deceased's conduct was given by many witnesses.

Winnipeg Field Battery, commencing at 11 o'clock today, fired sixty guns on the occasion of the Duke of Cambridge's funeral.

The elaborate observance of Archbishop Langens' anniversary of his consecration is in progress here and in St. Boniface.

Work will soon start on a floor of stonemasonry to be built at Prince Albert for the Hudson's Bay Company, to play on the Saskatchewan river. Residents of Morris, Manitoba, have pledged \$12,000 towards building a flour mill in the village.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box, 25 cents.

## The "Old Duke" Laid To Rest

Grand Military Pageant Marks Funeral of Duke of Cambridge.

The Greatest Tribute To British Soldier Since the Days of Wellington.

London, March 22.—The Duke of Cambridge was buried today after a funeral such as has been accorded to no English soldier since the death of the Duke of Wellington. King Edward, Queen Alexandra and nearly all the members of the royal family, representatives of foreign monarchs, the majority of the nobility, the diplomatic corps and representatives, British subjects of all walks in life attended the impressive funeral services at Westminster Abbey. Thereafter the body of the "Old Duke" as he was affectionately known to the public, was taken to Kensal Green cemetery and buried beside that of his moorland wife. Thousands of troops marched through and lined the streets, and dense crowds watched the spectacle which, in military magnificence, rivalled the funeral of Queen Victoria.

The King, wearing a field marshal's uniform, and the Queen, in the deepest mourning, drove from Buckingham Palace to the Abbey. The crowds uncovered in silence and the troops reversed arms on their arrival. The Abbey was then packed with dignitaries, privy councillors and army officers, all in gorgeous uniforms. The King walked up the aisle, which was lined by Grenadiers, their busbies being low over the reversed arms, and took his place as chief mourner at the head of the coffin. The Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught and the other Princes stood behind him. Prince Albert of Prussia represented Emperor William.

Among the principal mourners were Admiral and Colonel Fitzgibbon, the late Duke's sons. Beside the coffin stood five field marshals, Welsley, Haines, Roberts, Norton and Wood, who, with a score of other famous British generals, acted as pallbearers. In a corner of the Abbey stood a number of veterans who had fought with the Duke of Cambridge in the Chinese campaign, and a score of other famous British volunteers were represented.

The Dean of Westminster read a service, and a dirge, which had not been played since the funeral of Queen Mary II. (who died in 1694), echoed through the Abbey.

The Norroy King-of-Arms (William Henry Wood) loudly proclaimed the full rites of the dead man, eight Grenadiers lifted the coffin and the King walked behind it, followed by a throng of officers in crimson and gold uniforms.

In the bright sunshine the thousands of people outside the Abbey watched the coffin placed on the gun carriage. The Old Duke's charger, with stirrups reversed, followed his master to the grave.

The King, princes, ambassadors and generals entered 21 carriages, and started on the long journey to the cemetery. Ahead of the gun carriage was an array of British troops seldom seen in the streets of London. Life Guards, Lanciers, Grenadiers, Hussars, Dragoons and Highlanders, with their hands, marched through a line of brilliant color formed by the infantry lining the route. Behind the line the spectators formed a continuous black background, carriages, plumes, swords and lances sparred in the sunshine, which had been so seldom seen of late.

Nearly two and a half hours elapsed before the gun carriage reached the cemetery, from which the public had been excluded.

The King and others stood by the graveside, while a squad of Grenadiers fired three volleys for the old field marshal, and the funeral came to an end. Throughout the day all the flags were half-masted and many people wore mourning. These were genuine signs of popular sorrow at the death of the Duke.

## SHOWING HER UP.

Soubrette—You know I am a favorite. There are often twenty gentlemen waiting to see me in the stage box. I am a comedian—indeed! I should think bill collectors would be far too experienced to wait for you.—Chicago News.

institutions. The total of the reserve is 600, and the number enrolled up to Saturday, February 14th, was 420. The full complement will have been reached next fall, and so satisfied are the government and the people of Newfoundland with the training that the young men get, that negotiations are now in progress for the enlargement of the Newfoundland Royal Naval Reserve up to 1,000 men.

The admiralty instructions on the subject now in force divide the reserve into three separate classes: (1) Qualified seamen. (2) seamen and (3) firemen. The term of enrollment in the reserve is for a period of five years, of which the men undergo a drill for twenty-eight days on board H. M. S. Calypso, a warship especially sent to St. John, Newfoundland, to be used as a training ship for the reserve. In the fifth year the reservists take a six months' cruise in winter time on board a warship, the idea being not to interfere with the young men of the colony during the fishing season from May 1st to October 31st.

Men desirous of joining the force must enter either as "seamen" or as "firemen." The position of "qualified seaman" has to be worked up to. The qualifications for the fireman class are as follows:

A man to enter as "fireman" must be physically fit, be between 21 and 35 years of age, he must be able to prove two years' service at sea, one year of which as "fireman and trimmer," "fireman" or "higher capacity; he must produce very good discharges for character and ability, and declare that it is his intention to follow the sea for the next five years. A "fireman" will be required to perform a course of twenty-one days drill in the first year of his entry and fourteen days in subsequent years. In the first year of entry the full period of drill will have to be performed without a break. Each "fireman" will receive a retaining fee of £5 sterling a year. The pay of a "fireman" while on drill is: 1d. a day; total, 3s. 5d. or about 82 cents.

This is the same pay as that received by a non-continuous service stoker in the Royal navy. Trained men receive 1d. a day extra. A "fireman" can obtain a pension of £12 sterling a year, or about \$58.50 at the age of 60, and previously, if pronounced upon medical examination wholly and permanently incapacitated from earning his livelihood, provided he has served fifteen years in the reserve, if entered before 30, and twenty years if entered after 30. Gratifications clothing to the extent of one suit of uniform on each enrollment for a period of five years is provided by the admiralty.

A man to be qualified to enter the reserve as a "seaman" must be physically fit and of good character and be over 18 and under 20 years of age, receive 1d. a day extra. A "seaman" can obtain a pension of £12 sterling a year, or about \$58.50 at the age of 60, and previously, if pronounced upon medical examination wholly and permanently incapacitated from earning his livelihood, provided he has served fifteen years in the reserve, if entered before 30, and twenty years if entered after 30. Gratifications clothing to the extent of one suit of uniform on each enrollment for a period of five years is provided by the admiralty.

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Pay, 1s. 10d. a day; subsistence, 1s. 4d. a day; lodging allowance, 4d. a day; total, 2s. 6d., or about 66 cents. This is the same pay as that received by a non-continuous service ordinary seaman of the Royal navy. Trained men receive 1d. extra to the above. No pension is issued to men in the "seaman" class, but if they are eventually promoted to the "qualified seaman" class, all their service in the "seaman" class counts towards a pension in the "qualified seaman" class. Gratifications clothing to the extent of one suit of uniform on each enrollment for a period of five years is issued by the admiralty, and a second suit on the third year after each enrollment and on promotion. A "Qualified Seaman" will consist of "seamen" who have completed six months' training on board a man-of-war, who have been favorably reported on, and who have passed for A. B. but they must serve a further period of six months in a man-of-war to qualify for a pension. Twenty-eight days' drill will have to be performed by all "qualified" seamen. The period of drill will have to be performed without a break. A retaining fee of £5 sterling, or about \$20.20 a year, is issued to all men in the "seaman" class. The pay of a "seaman" while on drill will be as follows:

Pay, 1s. 4d. a day; subsistence allowance, 1s. 4d. a day; lodging allowance, 4d. a day; total, 3s. 6d., or about 73 cents.

The division of his fleet was for the purpose of making a cross-fire upon the harbor in the hope of destroying the town and of damaging the Russian ships. The bombardment of March 9 showed to the Russians the advantage to the enemy of taken place. Retzky, that her shells could reach the Japanese battleships. The fact that the Retzky was used for this purpose proves the falsity of the report that her great guns had been removed and installed as a battery at Pigeon Bay to protect the town. When the first official despatches were received the belief gained ground that Vice-Admiral Makaroff had put to sea and that a naval fight had taken place. Later advices established the fact that the admiral had simply gone with the undamaged portion of his fleet to the outer roads, where he could more easily support the batteries, and at the same time take advantage of any weakness which might develop in the enemy's attack.

New Chwang, March 23.—It is reported that the result of the bombardment of Port Arthur by the Japanese on Thursday was the dismantling of two guns and the killing of fifty men.

## JAPANESE REFUGEES FROM PORT ARTHUR

Arrive at New Chwang and A Praise Treatment Received From Russians.

New Chwang, March 22.—Two Japanese merchants, Kautani and Ma Kavanaka, and five women refugees, who had been imprisoned at Port Arthur from February 7th until March 20th, arrived here today on their way to Tien tsin. They were released as a result of the efforts of the United States Consul Miller. The official enquiry into the matter and the negotiations on the subject covered several weeks. The two merchants, who were arrested at Dalny, on account of having in their possession charts of the coast in that vicinity, report that they were treated kindly by the Russians, especially while they were confined in the military prison under Golden Hill, Port Arthur, where they were held in custody for twenty-one days. Later the merchants were confined in a police station.

The civil administrator of New Chwang took unusual care in bringing out the release of the prisoners and refugees from Port Arthur, and upon their arrival here they were promptly turned over to United States Consul Miller. The British residents of New Chwang have forwarded a petition to the British minister at Peking urging that the British guardship Esperanza be ordered to remain in these waters.

United States Consul Miller proposed to form an organization of people of all nations here to insure the obtaining of information in regard to the war movements in this vicinity and also to provide for mutual protection.

## DIED.

KEATING—At Santa Monica, March 22nd, 1904, Mrs. Alfred W. Keating, only daughter of Thos. J. and Mrs. Burnes, 179 Pandora street, and a native of this city.

OLSEN—At the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, on the 22nd instant, Bertel Emil Olsen, a native of Norway, aged 78 years.

The funeral will take place on Friday morning, March 25th, at 9:45 a. m. from the family residence, No. 73 View street, and at 10 o'clock at the Roman Catholic Cathedral.

Friends please accept this intimation.

## BORN.

DWYER—At Dunsmuir, B. C., on 20th March, the wife of William M. Dwyer, of a daughter.

There is always some thing new in the way of mental treatment and you are constantly invited to try new fangled, unproven remedies. Let others experiment and so health and loss time. Dr. Chazov's method of curing nervous disorders, before the close of time, won the approval of public opinion and demonstrated their right to place in every home as a family medicine.



## Harold Bauer's Great Powers

Young Virtuoso Charms a Discriminating Audience Last Evening.

Programme Chosen to Display His Many And Varied Gifts.

Mr. Harold Bauer, the gifted young German pianist, gave his first recital to a Victoria audience at the opera house last evening. What the audience lacked in numbers, it amply made up for in quality. The programme of the virtuoso's powers—and Mr. Bauer may be justly called a virtuoso, although he has some distance to travel before he can be ranked with the immortal few whose names are synonymous with all that is greatest and best in piano performance.

But that Mr. Bauer has in him the sterling merit to carry him very high up in the ranks of the great pianists, is amply demonstrated by the fact that he has been given every opportunity of proving his quality, whether in the intellectual region of original interpretation of classics or in the domain of technique.

Indeed, it is difficult not to write enthusiastically about the work of Mr. Bauer last night, although it is much better to say his work quietly and dispassionately. Admirers of the young man claim for him a finer touch than Paderewski, a grander breadth of power and depth of feeling than Liszt; and a more dazzling brilliancy in the mere gymnastics of execution than Emil Sauer's. Well, it is a free country, and opinions are not dangerous things to express hereabouts unless they run counter to the peace of the sovereign people, but probably Mr. Bauer himself would be the first to smile at such claims—at present, for he is young, and he is a very young man, and he is full of potentialities.

No man with such gifts could fail to go far, and no one can doubt that in the days to come, when the larger experience shall be his, and the extent of his mastery in practice shall have flowered in a splendid perfection, it will be time to say whether the name of Bauer is to be linked with those of the great pianists of the past, or whether it is to stand as a new name in the annals of the art. As already hinted, his technique is practically flawless; it is seldom that execution so absolutely clear-cut and precise is heard. Certainly nothing like it has been heard since Rosenthal was some years ago, and played to an audience that packed the opera house to the roof.

Mr. Bauer opened his programme with an old favorite, which has become almost hackneyed—at any rate, a good deal hackneyed, by the ambitious but inconsiderate average pianist—Beethoven's sonata appassionata. Most of those in the audience were in agreement that they had never heard this piece played better than Mr. Bauer did it. Like Mendelssohn's concerto for violin, this is one of those pieces which stand as real tests of a player's qualities.

With all necessary tenderness and a complete grasp of the brilliant technical difficulties, the young pianist did his work so well that of splendid things to follow.

The next piece was a fresh composition of Schumann's, entitled "Kreisleriana," being all sorts of things, such as a waltz, a march, a minuet, a polka, a capriccio, a "Käpplchen" (little girl), and a "Der lustige Bauer" (the merry peasant). It is full of Schumann touches, and no one was fonder of starting contrasts than the man who composed such a variety of things. Most of those in the audience were in agreement that they had never heard this piece played better than Mr. Bauer did it. Like Mendelssohn's concerto for violin, this is one of those pieces which stand as real tests of a player's qualities.

A quaint selection by Brahms, an intermezzo, was characteristic of that erratic composer, the Robert Browning of music. It was somewhat like the affectionate commingling of a gossip, a hymn and a tummy-tum popular song, and the whole was a very good thing like real music; which, however, quickly excused itself, as if it had gone into the wrong shop.

Mendelssohn's capriccio, as a connoisseur, was refreshing, and full of great pieces with grateful sound of pure, pleasant melody, and the happy variety of birds; understandable and charmingly pleasant. Hardly would it be possible to expect the work of Mr. Bauer's treatment of this classical gem. The last time the writer heard it played was by the Chevalier de Kossig, in a great Eastern city, and it is to be regretted that the splendid old Austrian pianist.

Then came a prelude, an A flat by Chopin, in which Mr. Bauer had a fair chance to prove his power of telling a tale whose running note and repeated are mournful beauty and the hint of approaching death, or through the mist of the Chopin winds, his plaintive suggestion of despairing sadness; a kind of pathetic sigh for the fleeting reign of beauty and sweetness and light. The delicate legato of the true Chopin was well brought out by Mr. Bauer. This was followed by a Chopin barcarolle, full of the characteristic touches of the master and given with consummate grace and skill by the player. The Chopin music was going far to hear played as it was last evening.

An étude in D flat by Liszt provided a genuine set-off to the melodious solemnities of the Chopin studies, and was played with splendid vivacity and power, as Liszt has to be played if it is to be worth anything. The last piece on the programme was Wagner's "Die Walküre," the "valkyrie" ride, it really made a 100-piece orchestra to do full justice to this marvellous creation of the human brain, but such as can be done with one pair of hands on a grand piano Mr. Bauer did it. It is a marvellous, fantastic, dissonant howling of wilds, dander, mingling with the bass chants of warriors in a time when music was rude and wildly inharmonious, and all bound together with the playful and conceivable enough, like any other puzzling wonder when it is explained by the right interpreter.

It was in this piece that an absent-minded conductor in New York, while giving the work with his orchestra what time a violent thunderstorm was raging outside, did not observe that he had come to the end of the score, and so kept on hammering as vigorously as ever, while the orchestra gazed at him in amazed wonderment. It was only when first violin interjected: "You was conducter thunderstorm, don't it?" that he realized that he had changed from Wagner to a still greater composer's work.

Last night's "Walküre" was somewhat like that. As an encore Mr. Bauer played "The Swan," with supreme grace and style by Saint-Saëns, which quite enraptured an already captivated audience.

No one can doubt that when Mr. Bauer returns to Victoria it will be as one of the immortals. He will not have to play to one empty seat on that occasion.

## A KANSAS TORNADO.

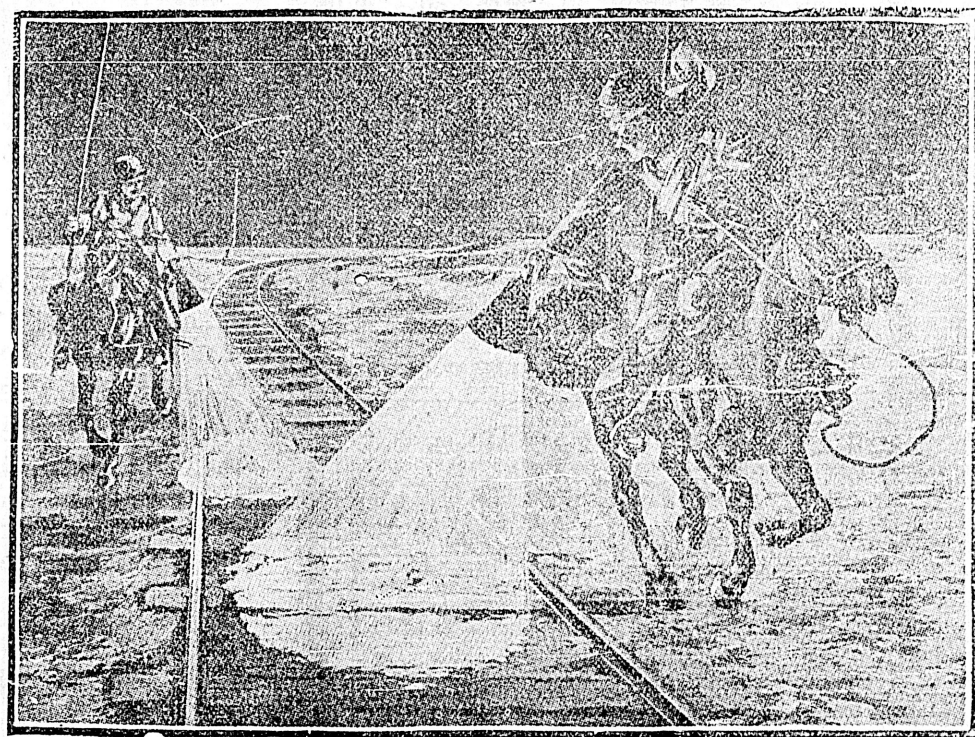
Fifty Buildings Partially Wrecked and Several People Injured.

Kansas City, Mo., March 22.—A despatch from Higginsville, Mo., says that fifty buildings were partially wrecked, one man mortally wounded and several others were hurt. The town is in darkness and the streets strewn with debris as the result of a tornado and hailstorm which swept the town tonight. The hail on the streets was a foot deep within five minutes after the storm began and some of the stones were as large as a hen's egg. Trees were blown down and horses killed on the streets. Wind and hail were followed with a terrific downpour of rain which flooded nearly every cellar in town. The storm kept within a path of two blocks. According to meagre reports several houses in both places were wrecked. A clerk in Hollings store was fatally injured. More than fifty houses were unroofed. Little progress towards clearing the debris away can be made in the darkness, and the damage may be greater than a first report.

## CHARITABLE.

How I admire Miss Oldham's calmness. She never loses her self-possession. She—That's right, and if she doesn't get busy during leap year I'm afraid she never will.—Chicago News.

## GUARDING THE SIBERIAN RAILROAD.



Cossacks Examining the Line at Night.

## BARON DE ROSEN'S IDEAS OF THE WAR

The Jingo Element in Japan Responsible For Present Hostilities.

Paris, March 22.—Baron De Rosen, Russian minister to Japan, who arrived today at Matsuyama, refused to be interviewed, but a correspondent of the Journal, who traveled with him from Port Said, telegraphs a summary of numerous conversations he had with the Baron aboard the vessel. According to his correspondent Baron De Rosen said that since October last the talk of war had been universal. The Chinese party heading public opinion by insisting that Japan would beat Russia is she had beaten China, and would be sure of the support of Great Britain in the United States. The Mikado and the emperor of the Manchuria frontier are of the opinion that the country would be ruined whether victor or vanquished. Count Matsukata, another of the elder statesmen, expressed the same view, and Baron Komura, the Japanese foreign minister, advised the continuance of the friendly negotiations, but the ministers of war and marine were absolutely determined to fight.

Foreign Minister Delcasse has received a copy of United States Secretary Hay's despatch from United States Minister Conger at Peking, containing assurances of the unimpaired action to be taken by China against either of the belligerents. The authorities here have no doubt that China is ready to give assurances, but they consider that the conditions on the Manchuria frontier are somewhat at variance with the assurances. It is said that Gen. Kuropatkin's plans for a defensive campaign have been given unusual importance to China's activity. If the Russians had taken the aggressive near the coast, it is said, that war probably would have been short and decisive, but as General Kuropatkin's campaign is based upon awaiting the enemy at Harbin and Mukden it is said this completely changes the military situation requiring the Japanese to push inland thus giving up their strong naval position. Their land forces are comparatively limited for an invasion of Manchuria, it is the belief in high quarters here that they will increasingly feel the need of auxiliaries. It is not believed that Japan will openly seek the aid of China, but that China will be gradually drawn in by Gen. Kuropatkin's tactics of remaining on the defensive in the interior of Manchuria.

## NO OPIUM IN CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

There is not the least danger in giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to small children as it contains no opium or other harmful drug. It has an established reputation of more than thirty years as the most successful remedy in use for colds, croup and whooping cough. It always cures and is pleasant to take. Children like it. For sale by all druggists.

## City Band Dance at A. O. U. W.

Something new in Easter Cards at Hibben & Co's.

## VERY NERVOUS.

Star Boarder.—The landlady objects to you complaining about the fare. She says all the food she serves is nerve food.

Mr. Kieker.—I don't doubt her assertion. It takes a great deal of nerve to serve such food as this.—Chicago News.

Star Boarder.—The landlady objects to you complaining about the fare. She says all the food she serves is nerve food.

Mr. Kieker.—I don't doubt her assertion. It takes a great deal of nerve to serve such food as this.—Chicago News.

## REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

Notification to Members of the Fifth Regiment by the Commander.

The following regimental order has been issued by Lt.-Col. J. A. Hall commanding: Regimental Headquarters, Victoria, B. C., March 19, 1904.

The following men have been re-engaged for three years further service: Gr. C. Jenkins.

The following men having been attested will be taken on the strength from the date hereafter mentioned and will assume the regimental number opposite their respective names:

No. 37, Gr. Wm. H. P. Sweeney; No. 23, Gr. John Milligan; No. 107, Gr. J. Harold LePage; No. 157, Gr. Wm. Major; No. 199, Gr. Wm. H. Johnston; No. 107, Gr. Kenneth O. Morrison; No. 109, Gr. Frank G. Lewis; No. 233, Gr. Fred. W. L. Harrap; No. 235, Gr. Michael L. Sweeney; No. 223, Gr. Ernest W. Boswell; No. 255, Joseph Devlin; No. 257, Gr. Wm. Kaye; No. 91,

## CALIFORNIA.

The Land of Perpetual Sunshine, Fruit and Flowers, Where Winter Rains and Cloudy Skies are Unknown.

\$65.20, Victoria to Los Angeles and return, THE BEAUTIFUL SIESTA ROUTE. A trip via Portland on Southern Pacific trains through the fertile Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, past Grand Old Mt. Shasta, through the Sacramento Valley to the orchards and vineyards of Southern California, is one never to be forgotten. Beautifully illustrated pamphlets sent on application to W. E. COMAN, G. P. A., So. Pac. Co., Portland, Ore.

Mr. Carter—I'm surprised that you recognize me. It has been more than five years since we met. Mrs. Nagelby—I had almost forgotten your face, but I remember that dress you have on.—Chicago News.

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## COAL! COAL!

BEST HOUSEHOLD COAL. KINGHAM & CO., Telephone 647. 24 Broad St.

Notice is hereby given that three months after date application will be made to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, by J. W. Mellor & Co., Limited, to change the name of the company to "The Melrose Co., Limited."

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD, Solicitors for the Company. February 9th, 1904.

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# The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1904.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director

## THE COLONIST CIRCULATION

### FIGURES TELL THE TALE

Daily Average, 1902 ..... 3552  
Daily Average, 1903 ..... 3695  
Daily Average, Feb., 1903. 3526  
Daily Average, Feb., 1904. 4381  
March 20th, 1903 ..... 3490  
Mar. 20th, 1904. 5080

Circulation books open to all.  
Advertising contracts made on this basis.

### FISH TRAPS.

As we stated some weeks ago would be the case, the Dominion Government has decided to allow the use of traps for catching salmon. The Department of Marine and Fisheries has promulgated a series of regulations in regard to traps by which their erection is limited to certain districts. No traps will be allowed in the Gulf of Georgia north of the forty-ninth parallel. Practically the south and west coasts of Vancouver Island comprise the area in which traps will be allowed. The applications for permission to erect traps on the northern coast of the Mainland will not be granted. The regulations also prescribe that no trap shall be placed near the Fraser River, nor near the mouth of any navigable river or small salmon stream. Licenses for traps are only to be granted to persons already engaged in the canning industry or to those who are able to guarantee that they are about to go into it, and any transfers of licenses must be approved by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries is stated to have said that the Government had decided to permit the use of traps in British Columbia waters, because it believed that under the present methods the American trappers caught large quantities of fish before they reached the Canadian fishing grounds. By permitting the use of traps it was thought that the fish could be intercepted before they reached American waters, and thereby the Canadian fisheries be made more profitable. At the same time the Government has decided to build four hatcheries at the headwaters of the Fraser River or of its tributaries; two of these are expected to be built and in operation this season.

Strong opposition to traps has been made by the citizens of New Westminster, the Board of Trade of that place sending a formal protest to the Government against the proposal to permit traps to be used. The reasons alleged for the opposition are that the use of traps will deprive a large number of fishermen of their livelihood, and that trap fishing is calculated to deplete the fishery. There is also probably an idea in that locality that the use of traps will cause the canning industry to be shifted from the Fraser River to the vicinity of Victoria, since the traps will be located along the shores of this Island. There may be some foundation for that view of the probable result of the use of traps. At the same time we think such a result is not at all certain. The erection of traps along our coast must be somewhat in the nature of an experiment. They will be in much more exposed situations than those on Puget Sound, and that fact must be taken into calculation both in the erection and the operation of the traps. It will, of course, be of benefit to the trade of Victoria if it should become the seat of an important fishing and canning industry. But even if that should result from the use of traps, it does not necessarily follow that the existing industry on the Fraser River will be destroyed. Rather, if the anticipations on the matter are realized, it will result in the transfer of part of the Puget Sound canning industry to Victoria. Only actual results can demonstrate which view is right.

### MUNICIPAL ORGANIZATION.

We observe that a meeting is to be held this evening at the Cloverdale Athletic Hall to discuss a proposal to incorporate the Saanich district as a municipality. It is an encouraging sign that such a movement should be set on foot. Whether the discussion of the subjects leads to practical action at once or not, it is a matter for satisfaction that there is interest being aroused on the question. We regard the extension of municipal institutions in the rural districts as a matter of the greatest importance to the progress of British Columbia. In more respects than a superficial observation of it might discover, the Provincial administration still retains many of the features and details of the methods of government in the old colonial days. Centralization is one of these things; imperative in the early days, now detrimental and quite unnecessary if there is sufficient public spirit in the people of the Province to undertake the duties and responsibilities of local self-government. We think there is no doubt that in nearly every part of British Columbia a sentiment in favor of the people managing their own local affairs, through a municipal organization, is growing, and both the Government and the Legislature should give any aid they can to enable that sentiment to have practical results.

In no department of public affairs will the beneficial results of local administration be seen more plainly than in that of public works. It is no disparagement of the Department of Lands and Works to say this. From the very nature of things it is almost inevitable

that this should be the case. Investigation into the question in any of the rural municipalities will show that it has proved to be so. In this matter the general interests of the province, the efficiency and convenience of the Government and the welfare and progress of the different districts in the Province will all be found to point in the same direction—that the municipalization of the country should proceed as rapidly as possible.

A careful study of the Provincial financial situation, whether regarded from the amount of revenue that can be obtained without undue pressure on the people, or from the steadily growing demands for expenditure in many different directions, will force the conclusion that a change has got to come in the relations between the Government and the different parts of the Province, as far as regards public works and other details of administration are concerned.

There are continual complaints being made as to the smallness of the appropriations for public works as compared with the demands from nearly every district. There is a good deal of reason for these complaints, but there is little prospect of a change under present conditions. Few governments would venture to impose a provincial tax as heavy as is levied in some municipalities without the lightest opposition from those on whom it is imposed. A municipal council can also generally apportion the sum necessary for any work more easily than a government can, which never has funds available for anything near the demands made upon it. Consequently it has to divide these funds among a number of claimants, with the result that in but few instances will any particular piece of work be completed as thoroughly as it would be if carried out under municipal control. These defects are not chargeable particularly to this or that government, or to one official or another, but to the system of centralization and to the fact that scarcely any government is strong enough to disregard party claims or political exigencies in making appropriations from the public revenue for local works. In a municipality the people have only their own interests to consider, whether it be in the levy of taxation on themselves or in the expenditure on some public work. Consequently the stimulus of self-interest is present, always and everywhere, and the results achieved are correspondingly satisfactory.

Whether the extension of the municipal system shall be accelerated by legislative enactments in the shape of making compulsory such organization in any district where certain conditions existed or should be left to the voluntary action of the people, is a matter for consideration. In the past it is known that the fear of heavier taxation under a municipal administration often deterred the people of a locality from seeking incorporation. But the gradual realization of the fact that without such organization they can never secure such satisfactory progress in public works and other things as is desirable, is having considerable effect and there is no doubt that the movement for municipal organization will be much more rapid in the future than it has been in the past. With that realization the Government will be freed from many of its present difficulties and have better opportunity for activity in other directions.

### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

#### PAINTING OF NEW BRIDGE.

Sir,—Might I occupy portion of your space to draw attention to the manner in which the painting of the iron work of the new Port Elsie bridge is being done? Happening to be in that neighborhood lately I took note of the style in which this work was being performed. A gang of men were busily painting, or attempting to paint, in the rain. Although the iron was glistening with rain the paint was being applied. From the top of the beams were sending showers of water at every stroke, and from the appearance of the work previously done, working over a wet surface seemed to be a common occurrence. I also find that they are giving the bridge two coats, using the same color each coat. One does not need to be a practical painter to realize the opportunities such a procedure offers for "slipping." The city authorities dispensed with the services of the superintendent some time back, on the ground of economy, I suppose, though if it becomes necessary to repaint the iron work, before long on account of rust showing they will find it mighty poor economy. This work need not necessarily be done by experienced men, but an experienced man should be appointed to overlook it. At least, some one should watch that the city's interests are safeguarded in this very important particular, and that the contractors who are in their anxiety to finish perhaps, are not doing either the bridge or the city justice.

Victoria, March 21, 1904.

### PRESS COMMENT.

But no syndicate can take the place in the minds of the reading public of the individual correspondent with his knowledge and his vivid fashion of writing, and the mere fact that our morning's news, may be the smallest part of it, was written by a roughy clad, unshaven fellow, sitting on a heap of dirt within the lines of a fortification whose name we never heard before—this is worth more to us than pages of fact and figures, and why the chief spend more on their private and human correspondence, with all the risks incident to his disability and sickness and incompetency, than they do on the double-edged sword of the syndicate, we do not know. Men who will seek the notion of listening in public to a pretty woman speaking on a topic of the day, will melt at this same woman's most whisper in a corner. There is more joy in a newspaper office over a good "break" by an errand boy than over a front over ninety and nine just statements by the syndicate.—S. F. Argonaut.

The new education requires thinkers as teachers rather than mere followers of a blocked out system. The teacher, as well as the child, must be an original thinker. He may not think new thoughts, but he must think his own. Whenever a teacher follows to the letter the ideas and ideals of another, strong and noble though they may be, without himself feeling their force, without having a reason for the faith that is within him, he belongs to the old education.—Mr. Morris Elmer Dalley, in San Jose Mercury.

The census of the homeless poor in the metropolis, taken by the health committee of the London County Council on the night of January 22nd last, is well described as a "census of misery." It was found that 1,797 persons (men, women, and young people) spent the night in question in the open air—122 walking the streets, and 168 sleeping in doorways, on staircases and under arches, or one person in every 2,000 of London's population. In this connection one may recall the revelation of the census of 1891 that over 34,000 single rooms in London are occupied by three or more persons, the death rate among this section of the population being nearly double that for the rest of the community. Mr. W. Bramwell Booth tells us that on the night of the L. C. C. census, when the lodging houses had 6,000 empty beds, the streets of the Strand and Whitechapel, 2d. and 3d. for accommodation, were crowded, and between 400 and 500 men who offered the money to pay for their

lodging were turned away. He asks, "Is it impossible to provide, on a pay of basis, the accommodation required for the low payment of 1d. or 2d.?" Present requirements of the authorities are such that a capital expenditure of from £50,000 to £100,000 would be necessary. Probably half that sum could be borrowed. "Is it too much to suggest that the remaining half should be provided by the wealthy and generous resolution of the citizens of this the first city of the Empire?"—Public Opinion.

A certain French wit remarked that if the word "aujourd'hui" were philologically descended from the Latin "hodie" it had "diablenient change en route." The same criticism is eminently true of the Monroe Doctrine.—Saturday Review.

### PROVINCIAL PRESS.

Despite the abnormal fall of snow the mines are in a very well and are sending out an average of ore which is 25 per cent better than the weekly average for 1903. The Le Roi No. 2 has commenced shipping once again to the Kootenay smelter, but is still sending the bulk of its ore to the Boundary to both the Granby and Greenwood smelters. The continuance of the snow has permitted the Kootenay and the Boundary to continue their shipments by wagon road which will not be the case when the roads are in the transition state between runners and wheels.—Rossland World.

Mr. Geo. F. Grandy met with an accident at the smelter this forenoon by which he lost his left arm. He was adjusting some belt at the mine crusher when his hand became entangled in the machinery and his arm was torn off near the elbow. Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Grandy in his trouble. He is married and has two young children.—Trail Creek News.

Something should be done shortly in the Slocan. The American smelter trust is willing again to purchase a large tonnage of low grade ores, and the local smelters ask for 40,000 tons. Belgian and Kansas buyers are after the zinc ore, and reduction works are to be erected in East Kootenay to handle the same mineral. The government is paying a bounty on lead ores, and the local smelters are reducing their treatment charges to \$15. If there is any other obstacle in the way of progress let's hear of it.—Slocan Drill.

A few days ago two horses, or rather a horse and a mule, were loaded on the cage at the No. 2 shaft of the Old Ironsides mine, and lowered to the 300-foot level of that property. The cage was used in hauling ore cars at that level of the mine. The stops are growing so large and the drifts so long at this level of the Granby group of mines that some more expeditious method had to be utilized than the old way of handling the ore cars by hand power.—Phoenix Pioneer.

That the game of the northern end of the Elk valley needs protection from the raids of the Stoney Indians is quite apparent from the statements made by John Lewis and Frank Hammer to a Free Press representative this week. Mr. Lewis has prospected the hills of this district for the past six years and few men are able to speak so authoritatively on the question as he. These men claim that last fall they came upon a number of Stoney Indians hunting in the neighborhood of Aldridge creek, where they had been told the Indians had come over through the Kanasank Pass in large numbers and had split up into five parties to make more effective warfare upon the game. They made drive ways and slaughtered the deer in great numbers, regardless of age or sex.—Fernie Free Press.

During the past eight years George Dougherty has worked continuously on the Dougherty mineral claim, which is situated on the west side of Wild Horse creek, four miles from Port Elsie. His work in drifts and tunnels will aggregate over 500 feet. He has developed a large strong gold quartz vein which has a width of twenty feet, and carries values of from \$5 to \$20 per ton. Angus Macleod, with shortly commence work on the Approach claim, which is situated two miles from town, and gives promise of being something good. It is a silver-lead proposition.—Fort Steele Prospector.

### THE NAMELESS QUEST.

Flushed was the restless call of the sea,  
While the gulls flew far and the sun sank low,  
And a ghost of a ship sailed in to me  
On a wave of the softest winds that blow.  
She sailed from the dim and magic West  
And she was the ghost of "The Nameless Quest."

Well I know the day when that ship set sail,  
With her snow-white decks and her spars agleam,  
Her crew raised a song and a cheery hail  
From her friends on shore caught her fair a-beam.  
She was bound to the dim and magic West  
And she was the ghost of "The Nameless Quest."

They alone who sailed her out can tell  
Where she was bound, why she ne'er came back,  
But I, who was one who wished her well,  
Have seen her ghost on the homeward track.  
She sailed from the dim and magic West  
And she was the ghost of "The Nameless Quest."

—James Owen Tryon in Chicago Inter-Ocean.

### IS FRANCE VERGING TOWARDS A CHANGE?

There is a growing feeling in European circles that the political machinery is not moving smoothly with our French neighbors, and that underlying an apparent calm exterior there is a storm of desire for a change. A writer in the Fortnightly Review asserts that out of a hundred Frenchmen, seventy-five are eager for a crisis that will end the present regime and replace it by a military dictatorship or a Consulate, either of which would be a long stride towards a monarchy or an empire. The growth of Socialistic ideas has alarmed the Republicans and strengthened the Monarchists and Imperialists. Prince Victor Bonaparte is reported to have said that the financial conditions are such that the republic will drift towards an Empire. On the other hand the Duc d'Orleans said to be the "best friend of France," with a character for "ardor, energy and decision, is gathering round him a group of emigrants. These of our readers can recall the downfall of the Napoleonic dynasty in 1871 and the savage joy with which Frenchmen then seized the reins of government and proclaimed the Republic, will scarcely incline to the belief that the present generation have so soon forgotten the disaster that the policy of Louis Napoleon inflicted upon the country. A Republican form of government may not give an assurance of permanency and continued prosperity, but a return to the Napoleonic regime would be evidence that the French people have lost touch with the sea, are forgiving and forgetful.

### MEN AND THINGS.

Six snakes were recently captured near Dublin, but the ever ready Irishman claims that they escaped from a museum.

The rarest postage stamp in existence is the one-cent British Guiana stamp of 1836. Only one specimen, owned in Paris, is known to exist.

Caterpillars have become a plague in New South Wales, and the sheep have interfered with railway travel, as the trains could not move on the rails made slippery by the crushed caterpillars.

The commerce of the countries fronting on the scene of the war in the Far East amounts to about \$800,000,000 a year, of which the United States has about one-sixth, or \$100,000,000.

The Marquis of Gouvion Saint-Cyr, who died recently in his 89th year, was the last survivor of the peers of France.

Sheed Cox, who is to write a biography of Cardinal Vaughan, finds that the cardinal kept a full diary. Probably few men in the world are so scrupulous in their diary. Vaughan writes daily in his little books.

Keir Hardie, who has been suffering

## Dr. Wood's



### Norway Pine Syrup

Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Pain or Tightness in the Chest, Etc.

It stops that tickling in the throat, is pleasant to take and soothing and healing to the lungs. Mr. E. Bishop Brand, the well-known Galt gardener, writes:—I had a very severe attack of sore throat and tightness in the chest. Some times when I wanted to cough and could not I would almost choke to death. My wife got me a bottle of DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP, and to my surprise I found speedy relief. I would not be without it if it cost \$1.00 a bottle, and I can recommend it to everyone bothered with a cough or cold.  
Price 25 Cents.

from appendicitis, was the only member who voted "no" upon a resolution of congratulation to the author upon the occasion of the marriage of the present Prince of Wales.

"Never mind," said the Populist, "the day will come when they'll raise a monument to William Jennings Bryan, and—" "My friend," interrupted the old-time Democrat, "the day can't come too soon if they'll raise it over him."—Ex.

"Women claim that the way to get on with a man is to give him plenty of money and food." "Well," answered Sirus Barker, irritably, "why don't some of them try it?"—Washington Star.

Magistrate (sternly):—"Didn't I tell you the last time you were here I never wanted you to come before me again?" Prisoner:—"Yes, sir, but I couldn't make the policeman believe it."—New Yorker.

What he would rather have expressed differently: Gushing lady:—"Oh, but Mr. Jones, I should love to be beautiful—even for only half an hour." Jones:—"Yes, but you wouldn't like the coming back again!"—Punch.

The American doctor who grafted an eye on a millionaire has declared that grafting is a possibility of the future. The announcement has created a feeling of pleasurable excitement among dachshunds.—London Outlook.

The following matter-of-fact advertisement recently appeared in an English publication: "Wanted—A really plain, but experienced and efficient governess for three girls, eldest sixteen. Music, French, and German required; brilliancy of conversation, facility of manners, and symmetry of form objected to, as the father is much at home and there are grown up sons. Address, Mater," etc.

### IRISIBILITIES.

Biffins.—That was a great joke played on her husband, Smiffins—What was the joke? Biffins:—Her mother.—Baltimore News.

"Politics is mighty quiet these days." "Don't matter. A honest man can't sell a vote now but dey wants ter put him in jail."—Atlantic Constitution.

"So Jagsby has absconded. Another good man gone wrong." Nonsense. It's merely a bad man who has been found out."—Philadelphia Ledger.

"Give the devil his due, Molly," he said. "Well, John," replied the little woman, "you know I have always tried to be just to you!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Fuddy.—What do you think about this open door in the East? Duddy:—I think it's going to cost no end of money to keep its hinges greased.—Boston Transcript.

"I see that the Empress Dowager has her trunk all packed." "What's that for?" "She determined not to be at home with the Russians call."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"At any rate," said Snapper, closing the discussion, "if I mind my own business." "No doubt that's what makes you so popular-minded," replied Blitzer.—Philadelphia Press.

"Won't you be glad when Spring comes?" "Yes, I am anxious for the second-hand clothes man to come around so I can make a raise on my winter overcoat."—Detroit Free Press.

"Maimie got a diamond ring for her Christmas." "How did she get it?" "Hung her stocking." "Jack, of course?" "But how did Jack get it?" "Hung up his watch."—Illustrated Bits.

Her Husband.—So you've joined one of those French conversation classes, eh? "What do you talk about, anyway?" She (absent-mindedly):—Oh, about every one who happens to be absent.—Judge.

Bonds.—Why did Clipper fire his stenographer? Stokes.—Mrs. Clipper dropped in and discovered that the fair one could make it better than any other part of the alphabet.—Butte Inter-Mountain.

"Well, Rabble, you've got a new little sister that we just arrived this morning," said a crisis that we had the present regime and replace it by a military dictatorship or a Consulate, either of which would be a long stride towards a monarchy or an empire. The growth of Socialistic ideas has alarmed the Republicans and strengthened the Monarchists and Imperialists. Prince Victor Bonaparte is reported to have said that the financial conditions are such that the republic will drift towards an Empire. On the other hand the Duc d'Orleans said to be the "best friend of France," with a character for "ardor, energy and decision, is gathering round him a group of emigrants. These of our readers can recall the downfall of the Napoleonic dynasty in 1871 and the savage joy with which Frenchmen then seized the reins of government and proclaimed the Republic, will scarcely incline to the belief that the present generation have so soon forgotten the disaster that the policy of Louis Napoleon inflicted upon the country. A Republican form of government may not give an assurance of permanency and continued prosperity, but a return to the Napoleonic regime would be evidence that the French people have lost touch with the sea, are forgiving and forgetful.

"Yes, Mrs. Fryson won the first prize for general protection and cooking." "Is her husband here?" "Yes, he is. He's that dreadfully dyspeptic-looking man back of the piano."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Why don't you try to demonstrate to your constituents that you are capable of an unselfish action?" "My dear sir," answered Senator Sorghum, "if these people who have known me for years were to find me doing something in which I had no apparent interest they'd get suspicious and decide that I was engaged in a deep and diabolical plot."—Washington Star.

## A SNOW-STORM

is always the fore-runner of colds, grippe and pneumonia. When the snow is followed by severe cold the conditions are still worse. We can say confidently that no other remedy so strengthens and fortifies the body against these attacks as Scott's Emulsion. Thirty years prove it.

Established 1858  
**A. W. BRIDGMAN,**  
REAL ESTATE  
Stores, houses and farms for sale and to let.  
FINANCIAL  
Money to loan in sums from \$500 to \$30,000.  
INSURANCE  
Commercial Union Assurance Co., of London; London Assurance Corporation; Canada Accident Assurance Co.; Plate Glass.  
41 - Government - Street

Our Grand Millinery Opening commenced Tuesday, March 15th. All the very latest designs in French and American, up-to-date patterns will be on view at Mrs. M. A. Vigor's, 88 Yates St.

**DUCK & JOHNSTON**  
Real Estate and Insurance Agents  
Agents London Mutual & Ottawa Fire Insurance Companies  
16 Trounce Ave.

Quality up—prices down, the factors that give our OAK EXTRA TANNED Belting its reputation—the best.

**The Arctic Trading Co.,**  
General Traders, Groceries and Provisions, Wholesale and Retail.  
We have increased our stock of Groceries and Provisions, to enable us to meet the growing demands of the outfitting trade of the coming season. In addition to this we carry a complete stock of Sleds, Stoves and Tents. Call and examine our goods when you come to  
WHITE HORSE  
Opposite the B. Y. N. Freight Sheds, Front Street.  
CAPT. P. MARTIN, Manager.

**For Sale.**  
A very desirable lot on Fort Street, can be purchased on the easiest terms; \$10.00 per month without interest.  
Money to Loan on Mortgage.  
Fire Agents.  
Manchester Assurance Co.  
**SWINERTON & ODDY**  
109 Government Street.

**SEEDS FOR Bedding Plants**  
In named colors from bulk.  
**JOHNSTON'S SEED STORE,**  
City Market

**Miss Messenger,**  
(Late of the Civil Service, London, Eng.)  
Will Open a Class for Girls at  
14 Bell St., Early in April  
English, Latin, Mathematics, Classes in French (Paris), German (Germany), English Elocution, Sight Singing and Piano-forte, by  
**MISS ARCHBUTT.**

**SING KEE**  
24 Herald Street, Victoria, B. C.  
Intelligence Office  
All kinds of Chinese labor supplied at shortest notice.  
CONTRACTS TAKEN FOR CANNIERIES.

**For Sale!**  
CEDAR POSTS.  
Seven feet in length, large size, at nine cents each, delivered to any address in city, or four cents in woods. Address H. T. Oldfield, Box 406. 1,000 posts may be seen at Butt's Coal and Wood Yards, 51 Pandora street.

**Changes Are Good**  
Change Your Tailor  
See the New Goods and New Styles at  
**Cooper & Linklater**  
TAILORS.  
47 Fort, Facing Broad St.

**SPENCER'S**  
Western Canada's Big Store  
**NOVELTIES FOR EASTER**  
Amazing Variety of Walking Suits  
Every year the sphere of useful Walking Suits has broadened. The severely tailored suits of several seasons ago have little part nowadays, with the handsomely designed Walking Suits that are almost as varied as the costumes themselves. We have a remarkable collection this spring. Suits of canvas weaves, Scotch Tweeds and Cheviots. Suits of mixed Tweed Suits of Vellor and Etamines. Suits of lightweight Serges and Broadcloths.  
Prices, \$20.00 to \$65.00  
A few of the New Dress Fabrics now on View in Dress Department  
Canvas de Wool, Voile Carreaux, Silk and Wool Clairette, Mexican Canvas Cloth, Polka Dots on Canvas Weaves, Eolienne, Solids, Poplins and Broadcloth.  
**Dainty Neckwear**  
(From Paris.)  
Combinations of Net and Braids, and Silk and Braid. Prices \$1.00 and \$1.25.  
**Veilings**  
At 25c, 35c and 50c.  
Colors—Black, White and Grey; fine and wide meshes (plain), fancy meshes, chenille.  
**Furniture Recovered**  
We want to keep our force of expert furniture repairers busy, and will make tempting estimates on any sort of furniture requiring repair. We may wish to have done promptly, moderately and well. Tapestry coverings, 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 yard.  
**White Blouses—French**  
We are showing some of the prettiest, daintiest Wash Blouses we have ever seen. It is a charming group that women of refined taste will greatly admire. Prices, \$7.50 to \$17.50. Second floor. New Basket Weave Blouses, \$2.50.  
**The Raincoats the Thing**  
These are the months when a man's Raincoat "works overtime." Cut full length and long, it turns aside the rain propelled by a March blast that sets at naught the efforts of an umbrella to protect. Stylish and handsome, it is the ideal coat for the shower or shine sandwich time March and April serve up. Prices, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$18.75.  
(Come and Look at Them.)  
**Embroidered Waist Patterns**  
Decorated with Mexican drawnwork, Tenereffe work and handsome floral and vine patterns, \$5.00 to \$8.75 each.  
**Toilet Preparations—Our Low Fixed Prices**  
We carry in stock a full and complete line of standard toilet preparations. Whether you come today, tomorrow, next week or any other time, you will find them bearing fixed and permanent prices, which you won't be able to equal elsewhere.  
**Toilet Soaps**  
Soaps at 15c. box—Violette, White Rose, Melba, White Hyacinth, Transparent Soap, Corona, Violet, Blush Rose. Soaps at 25c. box—Kirk's Oatmeal, New Mown Hay, Whiskey's Virginia Pink, Cleaver's Floral Soaps. Soaps at 35c. box—Cold Cream and Oatmeal, Glycerine and Cucumber, Calvert's Coal Tar. White Rose Complexion Soap, 50c. dozen. Unscented Transparent Soap, \$1.00 dozen. Roger & Gallet's Soaps, \$1.00 box, 3 cakes. Roger & Gallet's Face Powders, 40c. and 60c. box. Castile Soap, 25c. bar.  
**Somerset House**  
**Millinery Opening**  
Wednesday, March 16, and following days.  
MRS. W. BICKFORD,  
61 and 63 FORT STREET  
**Frae the Land of "The Hill, The Heath and The Heather"**  
D. C. L., very rare liqueur "Scotch Whisky," 20 years old, per bottle ..... \$2.00  
Caledonian Liqueur "Scotch" per bottle ..... \$1.00  
King George IV. Liqueur "Scotch" per bottle ..... \$1.00  
Rusk's 3 Star Old "Scotch" per bottle ..... \$1.00  
Try a Bottle of Pure Native Port Wine, per bottle ..... 25c.  
**The Saunders Grocery Co. Ltd**  
PHONE 28. 270 40 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.  
**The "West End" Grocery Co. Ltd.**  
PHONE 28. 42 GOVERNMENT STREET.



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Will Power Does a Good Deal.  
But our Pulmonic Cough Cure does a whole lot more. There are very few coughs and colds that it will not cure.

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## BUSINESS LOCALS.

Special—Carpenters' Tools at Cheapside.  
Call and inspect McClary's FAMOUS STEEL RANGES and STOVES at Clarke and Pearson's, 17 Yates street.

## FOTOGRAFS.

A new display of Pictures is being exhibited at Savannah's entrance, Eliza Sisters' Block.

Gardening Tools at Cheapside.

## J. & J. Taylor's Fire Proof Safes and Vault Doors.

**John Barnesley & Co.,**  
Agents,

115 GOVERNMENT ST.

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LIMITED.  
Best Equipped Hack and Livery Stable in the Province.

All Rubber-Tired Hacks and Finest Livery Turnouts. Baggage, Furniture and Freight handled at reasonable rates and with dispatch.  
9, 21, 23, Broughton St Phone 129

## ORIENTAL BAR

Very Choice of Liquors, Cigars, etc.  
Only the best kept.  
**JOS. DUBOIS.**

## TEMPORARY PREMISES

During the reconstruction of our Fort street store, we will be found at  
Trounce Avenue  
**A. P. BLYTH**  
Jeweler and Optician.

## FOR SALE

Esquimalt Road  
Modern Bungalow  
Large Lot  
\$300 Will Start It

For particulars apply at office.

Money to Loan  
Fire Insurance Written  
Stores and Dwellings to Let.  
**P. R. BROWN, Ltd**  
30 BROAD STREET.

## THE SOAP

At half price for a short time to clear out big consignment of extra fine brands.

## DRUG STORE

27 JOHNSON STREET  
PHONE 350. J. TRAGUE, JR.

## Spring Styles

## "20th Century"

BRAND

## Suits

for

## Men

Fit, Finish and Fabric

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A. O. U. W. Record.—A new provincial publication is the A. O. U. W. Record. It is devoted to chronicling matters of interest in connection with the order. The initial number has been very attractively set out and doubtless will extend to it a liberal patronage. F. W. Welsh, past grand master, is the editor.

Carnegie Library.—Rapid progress is now being made with the Carnegie library building, now that the sandstone from the Saturna island quarries has arrived. The work has been somewhat retarded by the delay in the arrival of the stone, the severe storms making its transportation fraught with considerable difficulty.

Register Your Vote.—Those whose names are not already on the provincial voters' list should not overlook the fact that unless they register by Monday night, the 28th inst., they will be barred from exercising the franchise should an election occur, for a period of six months, when the next Court of Revision is held in September.

Convention in Vancouver.—The first convention of the Ladies of the Marches of British Columbia, will be held in Vancouver on May 18th. A large attendance of delegates is expected from Victoria, Seattle and the Kootenays, and the Vancouver ladies are preparing to give the visitors a royal reception.

Fish and Game.—A full attendance is particularly requested this evening at the adjourned annual meeting of the British Columbia Fish and Game Club which will be held at the Olympic hotel in the condition of the Shawigan lake fish ladders will be presented. Besides this, officers will be elected for the ensuing year, and other business of importance transacted.

Sale of Work.—Tomorrow a bazaar and sale of work will be held by the ladies of Knox Presbyterian church, Spring Ridge, at the Temperance hall, Hudson street, in the afternoon those who attend will be treated to refreshments, and for the evening a first-class programme has been prepared. The services of the Oak Bay Dramatic Club have been secured, and the drama "Cinderella" will be presented.

Old-Time Concert.—An old-time concert will be given in the James R. Methodist church on Monday evening next. For several months this concert has been under way, and the congregation of that church feel confident that their production will eclipse anything of the same line given previously. This has been successful in securing some of the best talent of the city to assist them, and a pleasant evening is assured.

Moving to Bredin.—Already preparations are moving out to Bredin the new village which the Western Fuel Company is establishing near the pithead at Departure Bay. The mine itself is now to be known as Northfield No. 4, the annual production of the mine is estimated at 100,000 tons. The new village which arrived at Vancouver a few days ago—a trainload in themselves. Certainly no better evidence could be desired of the confidence of the company in the new mine, and there is little doubt that these substantial proofs of that confidence will cause it to be gradually diffused throughout Nanaimo.

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Strathcona Wing.—The interior fitting of the Strathcona wing at the Jubilee hospital are now in place, and it is expected that the building will be formally handed over to the architect on the 20th inst. Arrangements are being made to hold an "opening" some time in the near future.

Admiralty Court.—Judgment in the Abbey Palmer case, which was tried on January 21st last, and in connection with which \$25,000 is being paid to the local banks, drawing no interest, is daily expected. The litigants are getting anxious to know how the case will be decided.

A. O. U. W. Record.—A new provincial publication is the A. O. U. W. Record. It is devoted to chronicling matters of interest in connection with the order. The initial number has been very attractively set out and doubtless will extend to it a liberal patronage. F. W. Welsh, past grand master, is the editor.

Carnegie Library.—Rapid progress is now being made with the Carnegie library building, now that the sandstone from the Saturna island quarries has arrived. The work has been somewhat retarded by the delay in the arrival of the stone, the severe storms making its transportation fraught with considerable difficulty.

Register Your Vote.—Those whose names are not already on the provincial voters' list should not overlook the fact that unless they register by Monday night, the 28th inst., they will be barred from exercising the franchise should an election occur, for a period of six months, when the next Court of Revision is held in September.

Convention in Vancouver.—The first convention of the Ladies of the Marches of British Columbia, will be held in Vancouver on May 18th. A large attendance of delegates is expected from Victoria, Seattle and the Kootenays, and the Vancouver ladies are preparing to give the visitors a royal reception.

Fish and Game.—A full attendance is particularly requested this evening at the adjourned annual meeting of the British Columbia Fish and Game Club which will be held at the Olympic hotel in the condition of the Shawigan lake fish ladders will be presented. Besides this, officers will be elected for the ensuing year, and other business of importance transacted.

Sale of Work.—Tomorrow a bazaar and sale of work will be held by the ladies of Knox Presbyterian church, Spring Ridge, at the Temperance hall, Hudson street, in the afternoon those who attend will be treated to refreshments, and for the evening a first-class programme has been prepared. The services of the Oak Bay Dramatic Club have been secured, and the drama "Cinderella" will be presented.

Old-Time Concert.—An old-time concert will be given in the James R. Methodist church on Monday evening next. For several months this concert has been under way, and the congregation of that church feel confident that their production will eclipse anything of the same line given previously. This has been successful in securing some of the best talent of the city to assist them, and a pleasant evening is assured.

Moving to Bredin.—Already preparations are moving out to Bredin the new village which the Western Fuel Company is establishing near the pithead at Departure Bay. The mine itself is now to be known as Northfield No. 4, the annual production of the mine is estimated at 100,000 tons. The new village which arrived at Vancouver a few days ago—a trainload in themselves. Certainly no better evidence could be desired of the confidence of the company in the new mine, and there is little doubt that these substantial proofs of that confidence will cause it to be gradually diffused throughout Nanaimo.

War against darkness, fly to Lamps.

Hinton Electric Company.

Prinrose Ball.—The Companions of the Forest have held their nineteenth annual Prinrose ball on Tuesday evening, April 19th.

In Chambers.—Yesterday morning the following cases were heard in the chambers: Child vs. Baird, application for intervention; Killo for plaintiff. Order made, one week's time to make answer after delivery.

Social and Dance.—On Monday evening next Banner and Western St. Lodges, A. O. U. W., will give a social entertainment and dance in Semple hall, Victoria West. A good program is being prepared and in view of the popularity of both lodges it is expected that the event will be largely attended.

Lecture on Japan.—On Thursday evening Rev. Dr. Whittington, of Van couver, superintendent of the India Methodist missions, will lecture on Japan and the Japanese in the hall of the India Methodist church.

The Next.—The title of "D. W. H." next story is "Two Celebrated Cases." The writer sketches the careers of the gambler Grappler and Forward while on this station, and the doings of the commandant of those vessels after they left the service. The tale will be found of interest and as an historical reminiscence possesses much value.

Victoria Day.—It is likely that the Worshipful Mayor Barnard will summon a public meeting shortly to consider ways and means for the proper observance of this city's great annual festival, Victoria Day. Already neighborhood townships are getting to work on not much time to be lost if the affair is to be the success it ought to be.

Pioneer Miner Missing.—Mrs. Adeline Rowley, of Des Moines, Wayne county, Mich., has written for information concerning Jacques Parmentier, the miner, who was last heard of in 1884, when he was mining at Tule creek, Cassiar. He was accustomed to spending his summers adding in the interior and his winters in San Francisco.

Phm Tree in Bloom.—An eloquent testimony to the mildness of the climate in this part is at hand in the fact that a sprig of plum blossoms from the tree in the garden of the Rev. Dr. Whittington, from his orchard yesterday. The tree is adorned with blossoms in luxuriance and are quite naturally a source of considerable pride to its owner.

Order Cancelled.—Local customs officials yesterday morning received an order cancelling the previous order while allowed American citizens to enter Canadian goods from here to St. Michael, on route to Dawson, and British steamers must thereafter take their goods if the owners of the latter do not pay duty.

Will Be Admitted Free.—Secretary Jacobs of the Provincial Mining Association, yesterday received formal notification that the following order was recently passed by the Ottawa government: "That all (petroleum) is transferred to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, when imported by mining or mining companies or concerns to be used in the concentration of ores or metal in their own concentrating establishments under such regulations as the minister of customs may prescribe."

More Improvements.—That Victoria is making splendid progress in modernizing her streets is shown in the steadily increasing number of applications made by citizens for permanent sidewalks. The latest request of this sort comes from the residents of Y. street, between Vancouver and Esquimalt. They propose that asphalt pavements be laid on both sides of that thoroughfare within the limits mentioned, and the council has granted the request, assuming that the government will be of the opinion that it is worth the cost.

The Building Boom.—Hardly a day passes now without the erection of a new residence and there is every indication that Victoria will enjoy a building boom this summer. S. Macleure is calling for tenders for the erection of a frame residence at 25th street on Montserrat. The late Mr. Frank Stevenson has purchased a fine lot on the corner of Pemberton and Cadboro Bay roads from F. Catterall, builder, who will erect there a large, modern, up-to-date villa-bungalow residence, which will be commenced immediately and pushed rapidly to completion.

Resuming Mission Work.—Among the passengers on the outgoing Empress of India on Tuesday evening was Miss Margaret King, of Montreal. This is Miss King's third trip to China, the first being made in 1896, when she went to the interior in connection with the China Inland Mission. Being forced to leave at the time of the Boxer raid, she has been working on the restoration of order, and is now again returning to her mission after a nine months' furlough. On her way to the coast she visited the home of her cousin, the Rev. Mr. Gordon (Ralph Connor), in Winnipeg.

Crystal Theatre.—The performances at the little family theatre in the Dawson block continue to increase in popularity with every change of programme, and this week, as predicted, the management is treating their patrons with something even more choice and select than the last. The manager, Mr. J. H. King, has dispensed with the Dutch comedy team, the role is not quite so heavy as at first intimated, although the vacancy has been partially filled by the introduction of a new comedy team. The change in the programme was made in the interest of the patrons of the show, for which the manager is deserving of credit. Altogether the performances given are well selected in character and deserving of the heartiest support.

Died at Hospital.—The death occurred at the Jubilee Hospital yesterday morning of R. E. Olsen. His death was the result of an accident which occurred on Wednesday, the 18th, at the Vancouver Works, Telegraph Bay, when Mr. Olsen was employed as a laborer. He was severely injured, and although given every attention, his injuries proved fatal. Mr. Olsen came to British Columbia in the early sixties and joined the firm of the Cariboo sawmills. In 1880, he took up his business, powder making. Deceased leaves a widow and nine children to mourn his loss, five daughters, all of whom are unmarried and four sons, Carl, Charles, Emil and Earl. The funeral is arranged to take place on Friday morning from the family residence, 73 View street, at 9:45, and later from St. Andrew's Cathedral.

Old Men's Home.—The committee of the city council having in their care the supervision of the affairs of the Home for the Aged and Infirm, more particularly known as the "Old Men's Home," have now under consideration a proposition made by Mrs. Margaret Jackson, who offers a splendid site for the institution. It will be remembered that a short time ago Mr. Pell pressed for some action by the council in regard to a new site, pointing out that it was most undesirable that the old men should be housed in quarters in such close proximity to Ross Bay cemetery. While there is doubt of the financial ability of the city to immediately accept the offer made by Mrs. Jackson, all are agreed that the residence and grounds which she offers on the corner of Hillside avenue and "C" street, just opposite the Protestant Orphans' Home, are splendidly adapted for the purpose suggested. The price asked is \$7,000. No more ideal home for the old men could be imagined. The residence is a large one and commands a splendid view of the surrounding country and the straits.

Bank Clearings.—The total bank clearings for the week ending March 22nd, as reported by the Victoria clearing house, were \$2,618,990.

Annual Tea.—The Congregational church annual tea will be held this evening in the schoolroom, followed by a good musical programme.

Received Check.—The Friendly Help Association has received a check for \$214.80 in accordance with the will of the late Henry Brackman.

Police Court.—Yesterday morning there were no cases in the police court. Magistrate Hall will be busy today when the seventeen Chinamen arrested in a gambling house on Saturday night will come up for hearing.

Tenders Thanks.—Mrs. Eyford desires to convey to the Home Nursing Society and other friends her thanks for kind notes received by her in her time of need and trouble. Mrs. Eyford left Victoria for Winnipeg in January.



PROCEEDINGS IN SUPREME COURT

Camsusa vs. Colgdarippe now Being Tried By Mr. Justice Irving.

Yesterday morning in the Supreme court the adjourned March sitting of the court was continued before Mr. Justice Irving. Camsusa et al. vs. Colgdarippe et al. was the case being tried.

A. E. McPhillips, K. C., continued the cross-examination of the plaintiff, Mrs. Camsusa. Witness stated that she was perfectly satisfied with the way the investigation had been handled by Mr. E. M. Johnson and Mr. Davis, and after they also stated that on that score a negligence was suggested. In fact, he said, on the other hand, all Mr. Johnson's dealings with the plaintiff were eminently satisfactory.

Mr. McPhillips' cross-examination was still on when the luncheon adjournment was taken.

After luncheon Mr. McPhillips continued the cross-examination. Witness refused to be swayed from her statement that the business was sold either at the end of January or the beginning of February, 1885.

A letter was produced by witness which Mr. McPhillips argued showed that she had received advice regarding the sale of her husband's interest in the liquor business from Mr. Davis on the date September 3, 1885, and was from solicitor now deceased. He applied for it to be placed in evidence, especially in view of the fact that witness swore that she never had advice from Mr. Davis.

Mr. Davis opposed the application and His Lordship upheld his view and refused to allow it to go in. The letter, however, was marked for identification.

Another letter, dated November 1, 1885, was also produced from the same solicitor, Mr. Myerall. His Lordship also refused to allow this to go in evidence.

Mrs. Camsusa's cross-examination lasted until 3:45 p. m.

The next witness was Col. A. W. Jones, real estate and insurance agent. Witness swore that the regular rate of interest on first mortgage in 1885 was from 8 per cent to 10 per cent.

Henry Saunders was next called and testified that in the years 1884 and 1885 the liquor business was fair in the city. Witness did business with the firm of Bouchard & Camsusa, and considered that they had a first-class business. Witness bought his interest in Saunders & Co. previous to 1884. It was a smaller business than Bouchard & Camsusa's business and he paid \$10,000 for his interest.

Cross-examined by E. V. Redwell, K. C., witness stated that he was not a fact that previous to 1884 the liquor business was much better than in 1885 on account of the Cassiar excitement.

Cross-examined by E. A. McPhillips, K. C., witness stated that he should have liked a chance to buy Camsusa's interest even in the event of the partnership only lasting for six months.

Richard S. Byrne next testified that in the year 1884 it was a smaller business than Bouchard & Camsusa's and that as far as he knew Bouchard & Camsusa did as good a business as the firm he was employed by. Witness thought the going in such a business was worth something.

Certain portions of defendant Colgdarippe's examination for discovery were put in as evidence, and the court adjourned until this morning.

TELEPHONY, THE GREATEST INVENTION OF ALL.

An eminent Electrician graphically says of the progress made in Electrical Science and Invention during the past quarter of a century, that the greatest invention within, or without this span, is the telephone. "The electric light is a priceless boon, the trolley car a great utility, wireless telegraphy a wonderful achievement; but the telephone is all these and a blessed benediction in addition. Its simplicity, its sublime simplicity and marvelous adaptability, transcend all comparisons in the domain of pure or applied science.

The extension of audible speech transmission from a stone's throw to a thousand miles, and with quieter inflection, is a work unrivaled. The telephone is an ally of worry, an assuager of sorrow, a life-saver, a deterrent of crime, an earnest of security and an indispensable commercial necessity. The world could better afford to go back to the "penny dip" and the stage coach than give up the telephone.

As to what the future holds no man may say; but even though he explores the ambient clouds on a radiating motor, with a searchlight for a rudder, the telephone invention will still be secure in its peerless position.

The very latest and up-to-date switchboard has just been installed by our own Telephone Company in their new offices in the Bank of Montreal building. The workmanship is all Canadian and the completeness and simplicity of the board is marvelous.

The Manager, we are informed, will be glad to show subscribers or intending subscribers the plan and explain how "Central" works unerringly night and day to give satisfaction to all her clients.

READY TO TAKE A HAND.

Satan—Walk right— and get acquainted with the fiends. New Arrival—Thanks! Whereabouts are the poor fiends?—Puck.

It's the Can't-Eat and Can't-Sleep People

who need ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT, these days. "Spring Fever" is abroad—upsetting the stomach—clogging the bowels—bringing headaches—taking away the appetite—driving away sleep.

ABBEY'S SALT cleans and purifies the whole digestive tract. It sweetens the stomach—regulates the bowels—keeps the bladder and kidneys well and strong. When these organs are healthy, the whole system feels the benefit. The blood becomes pure and rich. Headaches, biliousness, tiredness disappear. And you'll eat more, and sleep sounder, and feel better, than you have for a "month of Sundays."

ABBEY'S SALT contains all the tonic and laxative effects of fruit juices. It is so pleasant to take that even children enjoy it.

25c. and 60c. a bottle. At all druggists.

"TELESCOPIC PHILANTHROPY"

Nanaimo Herald Makes Cautious Reference to Action of Bishop of Columbia.

The Nanaimo Herald in its issue of yesterday says:

"It is Dickens in one of his inimitable sketches that describes the Charity that is eternally favoring outside nations at the expense of improvement at home as a telescopic philanthropy because it is blinded to everything near at hand. Such would appear to be the state of mind of the Bishop of Columbia, when he writes letters home to high officials of the British government favoring the introduction of Chinese into South Africa. We have no objection to the Bishop holding his own views on the desirability of Chinese as residents of a British community. Neither can we object to him expressing these views on any occasion when he may see fit, but we do object to the Bishop of Columbia or any other person endeavoring to use the Chinese to oppress the British workman in his wages. A reference to our new columns this morning will show that the Bishop Perrin presumed to offer advice to the British government on the matter and at the same time when the government of Canada hesitated to express an opinion. Had the government of Canada, however, not been restrained by the knowledge that it would be to some extent presumptuous to offer something, we are confident the advice it would have given would have been directly contrary to that of Bishop Perrin. The government of Canada made special enquiry into the question of Chinese immigration by royal commission, and as a result a prohibitive head tax was placed on the immigration of these people into Canada.

"Nevertheless the Bishop of Columbia thinks differently and it is apparent that neither a decent regard for mankind nor his own business which has prevented the Dominion government from offering advice, nor a knowledge that he is hopelessly in a minority in the country he presumes to speak nor has been sufficient to prevent the Bishop from voicing opinions in regard to the effect of Chinese settlements in British Columbia that appear to be, on average, observer to be directly and apparently contrary to the truth.

"The question of Chinese immigration has been long ago fought out in British Columbia, and it is not necessary to refute the Bishop's statements by argument. To the large majority of the Christian people of this province there are both untruthful and under the circumstances imprudent, and we believe it will come as a shock to many faithful adherents of the Bishop's own denomination as well as the Christian public generally that he has seen fit to take the position of the introduction of Chinese labor into South Africa."

"A WORTHY PUBLICATION."

"Success" Secures the Services of a Former Well-Known Bookseller.

Mr. Robert Jameson has been appointed representative of the "Success" Magazine, and will make an active canvass of Victoria and vicinity and the surrounding cities in its interest. With Mr. Jameson's extensive experience in the literary and personal acquaintance throughout the whole of British Columbia, added to the fact that "Success" is a magazine the superior merits and attractive features of which make it almost self-sufficient, there is no doubt but that its subscription list in British Columbia will be materially increased. None of the other popular-priced magazines are in the same class with "Success." Replete with interesting, entertaining and instructive reading, every line and article in it is written with the understanding of inspiring and encouraging its readers to overcome such obstacles as may be in their path and make something of themselves in the world.

"Success" has been suddenly awakened to the fact that he has not been making the best use of his life and has been encouraged to take over a new lease of life and happiness to himself and his family. "Success" has taken such an immediate hold of the reading public that its issue has jumped in less than five years to over 300,000 copies per month, bringing it right up among the half dozen largest circulations in the country, and the phenomenal growth which it is experiencing now with such rapidity in the front rank. There are also clubbing offers by which one or more of several other popular magazines, or of a list of popular magazines may be taken with "Success" at greatly reduced rates.

ASBESTOS WE TRUST.

"Miscellaneous Jingles," said Mitch Johnson, "I have er'cundum fo' yo' de chenn."

"Yo' has? Den, sub, tell me what hit is."

"What am de difference between a drop curtain an' a act?"

"Easy, simple! De curtain gits a roll an' de act gits a pole."

"No, sub; no, sub!"

"De act in his time plays many palits, an' de curtain in its time palits many plays."

At this juncture, Mr. J. Rozelety Flopper, the eminent contra tenor, arose and sang his lovely ballad, "The Moon shine of Kentucky is the Sunshine of My Life."

Wherever the Union Jack Waves

Hunyadi Janos Natural Laxative Mineral Water

is looked upon as the standard cure for

CONSTIPATION

Half a tumblerful taken in the morning on rising brings gentle, sure and ready relief.



ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

English Cup Tie. In the replayed cup tie between Aston Villa and Tottenham Hotspur, the latter won on the former's grounds by 1 goal to nil. The funny thing about the whole affair is that Aston Villa directed afterwards thrashed Sheffield United in a first league game 6 to 1.

First League.				
Club	W.	L.	D.	Pts.
Sheffield Wed.	26	15	4	37
Manchester City	24	14	5	33
Aston Villa	23	14	7	33
Sheffield United	23	13	6	32
Sunderland	23	13	8	31
Newcastle United	23	13	9	31
Everton	23	13	8	30
Wolverhampton	23	12	8	29
Middlesbrough	23	8	9	25
Blackburn Rovers	23	9	11	24
Bury	23	6	8	22
Notts County	23	9	16	4
Notts Forest	23	7	14	21
Derby County	23	6	11	21
Stoke	23	7	14	19
W. Bromwich	23	5	12	19
Liverpool	23	6	15	18
Small Heath	23	5	13	17

The Games on Feb. 27th.

Everton, 4; Notts Forest, 0; Wolverhampton, 3; Newcastle United, 2; Middlesbrough, 1; Notts County, 0; Sunderland, 1; Wolverhampton, 1; Derby County, 2; Bury, 2; Aston Villa, 6; Sheffield United, 1; Liverpool, 2; Manchester City, 2; Sheffield Wednesday, 3; Small Heath, 2.

Played on the grounds of these clubs.

English Cup—Third Round.

Tottenham Hotspur, 1; Sheffield, 1; Manchester City, 0; Middlesbrough, 0; Derby County, 2; Blackburn Rovers, 1; Bolton Wanderers, 2; Sheffield United, 0.

Scottish Cup.

Celtic, 5; Dundee, 0; Glasgow Rangers, 3; Greenock Morton, 0.

League I.

Wolverhampton Wanderers, 2; W. Bromwich, 1; Aston Villa, 1; Stoke, 2; Small Heath, 2; Sunderland, 1.

Division II.

Derby County, 3; Burnley, 2; Woolwich Arsenal, 2; Lincoln City, 0; Preston North End, 1; Burton United, 0; Grimsby Town, 3; Gainsborough, 1; Chesterfield, 0; Glossop, 0; Burnley, 1; Burnley Port Vale, 0; Stockport County, 2; Bradford City, 0.

Played on the grounds of this club on Saturday, March 20th.

English Cup—Semi-Final Draw.

Bolton Wanderers vs. Derby County. Referee, Mr. A. J. Barker (Hanley). Linesmen, Messrs. W. J. Wilson (London) and F. Styles (Notts).

Tottenham Hotspur or Sheffield Wednesday vs. Manchester City or Middlesbrough. Referee, Mr. J. Lewis (Blackburn). Linesmen, Messrs. W. J. Wilson (London) and R. B. Lythgoe (Liverpool).

On account of the undecided matches between Manchester City and Middlesbrough and Tottenham Hotspur and Sheffield Wednesday, the emergency committee were instructed to close the grounds on which the semi-finals should be played.

CRICKET.

The Fifth Test.

The advantage, through winning the toss, that the Australians secured on Saturday, March 5th, by compiling 247 runs on a fairly good wicket before the day was over, was the only advantage the Englishmen, served them in good stead all through the fifth and concluding test match, which ended yesterday in a decided English defeat to the tune of 218 runs.

This result, though its probability was apparent ever since the Englishmen first shouldered the bat on Saturday evening, was, of course, due to the tenacious state of the pitch. The severity of the defeat was chiefly due to the marvellous bowling of Cotter—the new southern "star"—and Trumble, the declining constellation, whose last international match this was. Trumble's departure from these test matches was, as is fitting, of the protean order. Never before, in all the stern struggles he has waged against England's picked batsmen, had he accomplished the "hat-trick." Its achievement yesterday was perhaps, the most remarkable of a long series of remarkable deeds with the ball against the Mother Country. Altogether yesterday he took seven wickets for 28 runs. As Mr. Warner says, he was "absolutely unplayable."

Final Score.

Australia.	
V. Trumper c. and b. Braund	88
R. A. Duff, b. Braund	9
C. Hill c. Braund, b. Rhodes	10
M. A. Noble c. Foster, b. Arnold	29
P. McAlister, st. Lilley, b. Braund	36
A. H. Gehrs c. and b. Braund	3
A. J. Hopkins c. Knight, b. Braund	32
C. McLeod c. Rhodes, b. Braund	8
H. Trumble c. Foster, b. Braund	6
A. Cotter, b. Braund	0
J. J. Kelly, not out	6
Extras	8
Total	247

Second Innings.

V. Trumper b. Hirst	0
R. A. Duff c. Warner, b. Rhodes	31
C. Hill c. Warner, b. Hirst	16
M. A. Noble st. Lilley, b. Rhodes	19
P. McAlister c. Foster, b. Arnold	9
A. H. Gehrs c. and b. Hirst	0
A. J. Hopkins, not out	25
C. McLeod c. Bosanquet, b. Braund	0
H. Trumble c. Arnold, b. Hirst	0
A. Cotter, b. Hirst	0
J. J. Kelly, c. and b. Arnold	6
Extras	4
Total	133

Fall of Wickets.

Australia—First Innings.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

13 67 142 144 150 218 221 231 236 247

Second Innings.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

9 9 13 23 43 49 92 115 133 133

England.

Hayward, b. Noble 0 || Arnold c. Kelly, b. Noble | 0 |
Rhodes c. Gehrs, b. Cotter	1
M. A. Noble c. McAlister, b. Cotter	1
Tyldesley c. Gehrs, b. Noble	10
R. E. Foster c. Cotter	38
Hirst c. Trumper, b. Cotter	0
Braund c. Hopkins, b. Noble	0
C. J. T. Bosanquet c. Noble, b. Cotter	16
Lilley, not out	6
Extras	2
Total	61

Australia—Second Innings.

Hayward, absent, ill 0 || Arnold c. Duff, b. Trumble | 10 |
Rhodes, not out	11
P. E. Warner c. and b. Braund	11
Tyldesley c. Hopkins, b. Cotter	15
R. E. Foster c. Trumper, b. Trumble	30
Hirst c. McAlister, m. Trumble	1
Braund c. McAlister	0
Kelly c. Gehrs, b. Trumble	0
B. J. T. Bosanquet c. Gehrs, b. Trum-	0

Kidney Disease May Last for Years

Causing Much Pain and Suffering, or It May Suddenly Prove Fatal.

Pains in the small of the back, scalding, burning sensations when passing water, and gradual loss of flesh and weight are the unmistakable symptoms of kidney disease.

If you would prevent Bright's Disease, rheumatism, stone in the bladder and other dreadfully painful developments of kidney disease, you must act promptly.

If you choose Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills the treatment will not long be pursued before you will find yourself greatly benefited.

The grand reputation which this great kidney medicine has made for itself is due to no small extent to the wonderful relief promptly with which it brings relief and cure to the sufferer from backache.

Backache, lumbago, rheumatism, aching sides and limbs result from poisons in the blood, which are entirely eliminated by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

It seems rather unwise to experiment with untried remedies when you can rely absolutely on this famous prescription of the great receipt book author.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Company, Toronto. To protect you against imitations the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box of his remedies.

Business change sale now on at B. Williams & Co.'s large clothing store. Bargains may be looked for as the entire stock of men's and boys' clothing must be closed out without delay. All goods left from last season will be sold at half-price. All new spring and summer goods one-fifth off for cash. B. Williams & Co.

NOTICE.

Thirty days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of Trial Islands, Victoria District, and marked with notice posts J. S. P.

J. S. PEARCE, Victoria, March 14th, 1904.

WRAPPING PAPER!

MERCHANTS OF VICTORIA are asked to bear in mind that for Equal Quantities

We Can Sell

as cheaply as any Eastern House. We are prepared to quote exactly the same figures as are offered by travelers, and we solicit a trial order. The goods cost you no more than if bought direct in Montreal or Toronto, and yet we make a satisfactory profit.

The COLONIST PAPER WAREHOUSE

VICTORIA, B. C.

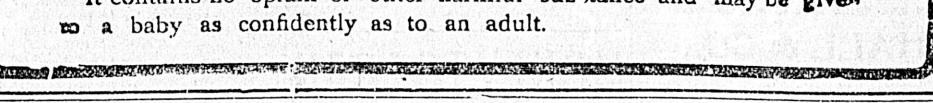
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

This preparation is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza and has become famous for its cures of these diseases over a large part of the civilized world.

It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take.

It not only cures colds and influenza, (grip) but counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia.

It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given to a baby as confidently as to an adult.



BRITISH COLUMBIA PHOTO ENGRAVING CO. 26 BROAD ST. VICTORIA, B.C.

LA GRIPPE CURED BY CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

The great danger from la grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. This can be avoided by using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Among the tens of thousands who used this remedy during the epidemic of la grippe of recent years no case has ever been known to result in pneumonia which shows exclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. Price 25 cents; large size, 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

Easter Cards in great variety at Hibben & Co's.

REAL THING.

"Have you any cheap portable fire

escapes?" asked the stranger as he entered the only store in the village.

"Sure," replied the proprietor, "John," he called to a clerk, "bring me some of those 25 cent pocket Bibles."—Chicago News.

Easter Cards at Hibben & Co's.

MATTERS FOR EXPERT.

House Owner—Still, it doesn't seem to me that it ought to cost so much to paint the house.

Painter—Pardon me, but you're no judge. I might say the same about your nose.

MUTABILITY.

When first I heard her dulcet voice I set my heart to leaping.

We married. Now from it I find Relief alone when sleeping.

LOCATION OF WORKS:

CROFTON, - VANCOUVER ISLAND, B. C.

ROUGH ON WHISKY

Cured One Friend and Wants to Cure Another.

Sault Ste. Marie, Feb. 13, 1903.

Dear Sir:—Please find enclosed three dollars for another bottle of your Samaria Remedy. It has worked all right and I want to give it to another friend. Please send it at once. Mrs. C. M. Enclose stamp for free samples and pamphlet to Samaria Remedy Co., 25 Jordan street, Toronto.

NOTICE.

Thirty days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of Trial Islands, Victoria District, and marked with notice posts J. S. P.

J. S. PEARCE, Victoria, March 14th, 1904.

MAJESTIC RANGES AND STOVES

Hardware and Tools.

All Standard Goods; no seconds bought nor sold.

CHEAPSIDE

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

Time Table No. 49, Taking Effect Thursday Oct. 29

Northbound		Southbound		Sat., Sun. and Wed. Arrive.		South'nd	
Leave.	Daily.	Arrive.	Leave.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Victoria	9:00	12:00	Victoria	5:00	7:00		
Shawnigan Lake	10:20	10:40	Shawnigan Lake	5:20	5:40		
Duncan	11:00	10:20	Duncan	5:00	5:00		
Ladysmith	11:57	9:40	Ladysmith	6:05	4:00		
Nanaimo	12:40	8:20	Nanaimo	6:41	3:10		
Ar. Wellington	12:53	8:00	Ar. Wellington	7:03	2:50		

THROUGH TICKETS TO CROFTON.

Via Westholme. Stage leaves daily, connecting with north and south bound trains. Double stage service Saturdays, Sundays and Wednesdays, commencing with morning and afternoon trains. Fare from Victoria, single, \$2.00; return, \$3.00.

THROUGH TICKETS VICTORIA TO ALBERNI.

Stage leaves Nanaimo Tuesdays and Fridays on arrival of train from Victoria. Fare from Victoria, single \$5.20; return, \$8.35.

Ten trip Commutation Tickets, Victoria to Shawnigan Lake, only \$5.00.

Excursion Rates in effect to all points good going Saturday and Sunday, returning not later than Monday.

GEO. L. COURTNEY,

Traffic Manager

Clearance Sale of High Grade Goods

Soft and Stiff Hats

Half Price

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Meteorological Office,  
Historic Meteorological Office, 1853-1854

THE T. MILBURN CO., LIMITED,  
TORONTO, ONT.

...sharp, ...

TO LET—Seven-roomed detached bungalow on first class condition on car line, Ontario St., James Bay. Apply 126 Government St.

House. 'Best hotel in town. Re<sup>4</sup>28  
\$1.50 up. John M. Incley, prop.



**158 Acres=South Saanich**

This property fronts on the sea, has a good house, barn, orchard and other improvements, and is for sale at a very REASONABLE FIGURE.

**PEMBERTON & SON**

45 FORT STREET

**"Seed Potatoes"**

Early Rose, Burbanck, Beauty of Hebeurn, Flower Balls. All choice hand picked selected stock.

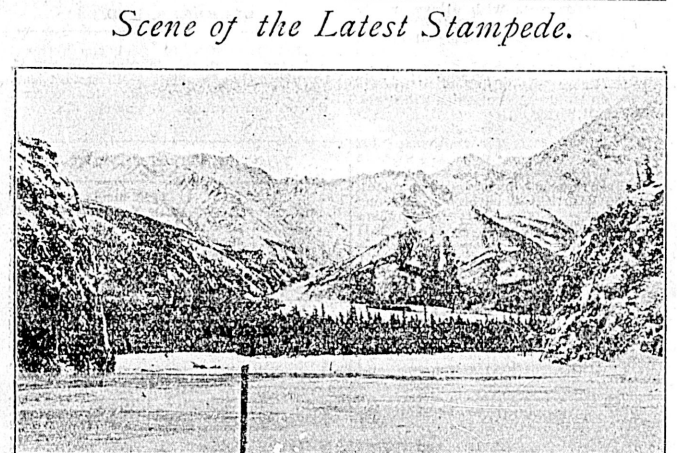
**The Sylvester Seed Co.,** - 87-89 YATES STREET Tel. 413.

**SAYS ALSEK IS RICH IN GOLD**

**Dawson Business Man Declares Reports That New Diggings Not Exaggerated.**

Colonel Charles Reichenbach, of Dawson, who is now visiting the coast, has been six years in the Yukon, and is convinced that the Alsek district diggings will prove as rich this year as did the Klondike in the early days of the Klondike. He says:

"There is already an incipient boom in White Horse. When I passed through the town was well filled with people. The hotels were full, and even some of the steamers in winter quarters there were used as lodging places. White Horse should be a prosperous city. It is easy of access, and from it any part of the territory can be reached without delay. The Alsek region, of which so much is expected, is only a short distance away, and there will be nothing like the hardships of the first Klondike rush in getting into the new places. What is more, that whole country is tributary to the lower coast towns of



Alsek Mines, Vulcan Creek, from the mouth of Sheep Creek, Bullion District.

British Columbia, and they should obtain every dollar's worth of the trade. You will find that several firms who have done business with the north have been watching Alsek, and will have representatives in there very soon. As a business man I paid particular attention to reports from there, and every one of them bore out the previous ones that the gold was in Alsek.

Mr. Reichenbach stated that when he was in Skagway last Tuesday Major Wood of the Mounted Police, was on the Dalton trail, establishing a new post on the boundary line as laid down by the Alaska commission. He was to go into the Alsek country immediately upon his return, and is probably there now. The official report on the country can hardly be out yet, but there is little doubt in the minds of men who are taken pains to watch the district that it will be very favorable.

Warms Workmen.—Wm. Drury, of the firm of Taylor & Drury, White Horse, referring to the new Alsek gold diggings, says: "I would not advise any man to go to the diggings with the idea of getting work. There are enough men in the country now. I believe it offers good inducements, however, for prospectors. It is of wide extent. I think it must be fifty miles between Ruby and Boulder creeks, and gold has been discovered on Ruby, Boulder and all the intervening creeks. On my trip I went as far as Harris creek. I heard that the highest pan was on Boulder. This was, I think, at eight or ten feet bedrock. It went \$120. I found nothing of a six-dollar pan and do not believe it. I heard that a pay-streak four feet wide had been struck, going from one cent to thirty cents a pan. I can say that the roads to Marshall creek are good, and that this feature will greatly simplify getting in supplies."

**LOTS OF SPACE NEEDED.**

"Can't you keep that story of yours within a column?" asked the editor. "I'm afraid I can't, sir," replied the reporter. "You see it's a verbatim account as ordered—what Mrs. Clacker said when she was regarding her defeat by Mrs. Blank for the Sanheum club's presidency."—Syracuse Herald.

**It Speaks for Itself!**

**Med-rite**

**CURES HEADACHE**

Guaranteed to cure within 30 minutes, or money refunded.

25c. — ALL DRUGGISTS, OR MAILED — 25c.

The Herald Remedy Co., Montreal

**Waiting News**

**From Quadra**

Victorians Anxious to Learn Fate of Missing Steamer Queen City.

Various Rumors Afloat Yesterday Prove to Be Unfounded.

**QUEEN CITY SAFE.**

Last evening Mr. Vincent, of the C. P. N. Company, received a telegram from Vancouver's manager, on the Skeena river, saying that the Queen City was in Quatsino sound, anchored opposite the post office, with her mail shaft broken and waiting for help. The message was sent across the island to Hardy bay, where it was given to the master of the steamer Boscovitz, who took it north and delivered it to the master of the steamer Danube, who had it despatched by wire from the Skeena river office to Vancouver, whence it came on to Victoria. This news has given the greatest relief to many who were anxious about the fate of the Queen City. The Quadra would probably reach Quatsino sound and anchor there, and all assistance possible. It is probable that the disabled steamer will be repaired where she is instead of towing her to Victoria.

Rumor, with its thousand tongues, was busy around town yesterday, and it was an exceedingly hard job to separate the mere gossip from the news that might have something in it about the two missing vessels, the Queen City, of Victoria, and the bark Lamorna, of Glasgow, supposed to have met with disaster on the West Coast of Vancouver island.

As reported in the Colonist yesterday, the D. O. S. Quadra sailed at 5 o'clock Monday morning on a search for the Victoria steamer. The news from her was to the effect that she had passed Clayoquot at 5 o'clock Monday morning, and had not seen the Queen City. This showed that the Quadra had been making good speed, and there is every reason to believe that before this issue of the Colonist reaches the hands of our readers, the fate of the steamer Queen City will be known to those aboard the government steamer.

Shipping men around the harbor maintain their confidence that the Queen City is wind-bound in Quatsino or other safe shelter.

The most sensational of the reports circulated around town yesterday was one to the effect that some Indians who had arrived from the West Coast—how, the veracious chroniclers did not say, but they had got there somehow—reported that the Queen City had gone down on the boundary line as laid down by the Alaska commission, and was there fast. The most careful enquiry failed to substantiate this story, or to find the Indians who were alleged to have brought the story to the city. For the marine men paid any attention to it.

Another report was that packages of deerkins with letters and papers had been found floating around the coast, but this was easily traced to the Coast's special despatch from Clayoquot on Monday night, stating that wreckage had been found. The only authentic news about the fate of the Queen City and the Lamorna will come, probably, from Clayoquot or Cape Beale on their way south to Victoria.

The C. P. N. Company yesterday morning received a telegraphic despatch from Clayoquot conveying the information as to the Quadra passing north the previous evening, but beyond that they have no news. If the weather is not very boisterous, the Quadra should be able to reach Quatsino and return to Clayoquot by Tuesday morning early. Unfortunately, however, the weather conditions all along the coast for many days past have been of a character to call for the best steaming powers of any vessel and plenty of able seamanship.

**FEARS FOR LAMORNA.**

More Wreckage, Supposed to be From Scottish Ship, Found on the Coast.

Further evidence that the Scottish ship Lamorna, Port Baxley to Quatsino, with lumber, or some other large vessel, must have met with disaster on the West Coast of the island, has been found in the shape of more wreckage, consisting of broken timbers of deck houses, mattresses, barrels, oars and other ship furniture, which has been found by the Indians near Cape Beale. It was also reported from Sechart that the arm of a torch had been washed ashore. The Lamorna's bows were adorned with a beautifully-carved figure of a lady, with one arm outstretched, the other folded across her breast, and it is supposed that the piece of wreckage found is part of this ornament.

The further report that the Indians observed a large sailing vessel close inshore a week ago on Thursday, goes far to confirm the suspicion that the ship met a terrible fate; for with the wind southwest and blowing as hard as it then was, it would be a physical impossibility for a vessel of the Lamorna's build to have been seen. If she did go down, every soul on board must have perished, otherwise some news of the survivors would have reached the Indians and so have been reported to the city.

Captain McCormick, who brought the ship out from Glasgow to the Coast last summer, was succeeded in the command by Captain Crichton, who had his wife with him on the voyage. It was the latter who had the vessel's last experience trying to round Cape Horn on her way out, being beaten back again and again by adverse winds, and losing one seaman overboard, the man falling while working aloft.

**PORTLAND TO ORIENT.**

Oregon's Metropolis to Have Direct Connection with Asiatic Ports.

Commencing about May 1 the Harriman steamship service out of Portland will consist of eight steamships with a combined carrying capacity of 60,000 tons and a schedule which will give that port an Oriental steamer sailing every ten days. In order to increase the service so as to admit of such frequent sailings, the three steamships now comprising the Portland and Asiatic Steamship Company's fleet, will be released, as their charters expire in April and May, and will be replaced by four new freighters of the most approved type with a carrying capacity of 7,000 to 8,000 tons on a draft of 24 feet.

News of the charter of this new fleet was received at the local offices of the company yesterday. The vessels are all Hawaiian-American liners, and of a count of their large carrying capacity on a comparatively light draft of water, are particularly adapted to this trade.

**MARINE NOTES.**

The Union Iron Works, San Francisco, have got the job of repairing the steamer Queen. She is now en route thither. The cost will be about \$75,000, and the work will take probably until early in May to complete.

**Three or Four Good**

**Furnished Houses to Rent!**

APPLY TO

**A. W. JONES, 28 Fort St**

**Was Engaged**

**At Port Arthur**

Graphic Description By the Invalidated Japanese Officer Of First Battle.

**Japanese Fire Was Deadly and Their Tactics Were Superb.**

An officer who took part in the action outside Port Arthur, and has returned to his home in Japan, has been interviewed by a Kobe Shimbun reporter. He has given the following account of the fighting:

The Japanese squadrons parted with the torpedo boats fifty miles this side of Port Arthur on the night of the 8th (The crews on board the destroyers and warships exchanged cheers when the parted. The torpedo boats crept to close to the Russian fleet, successfully evading the Russian torpedo boats, and discharged their torpedoes at a short distance. Three torpedoes took effect. Three Russian ships being struck. The ships, however, did not sink entirely. On the following morning the Japanese squadron steamed up to the attack. The Chihaya, Tatsuta and others went close in, trying to entice the enemy's ship into the open sea. The Russians showed no wish to comply with the invitation. Failing to draw the enemy outside, the Chitose (flagship of Rear Admiral Dewa) telegraphed to Vice Admiral Togo to withdraw (telegraphed) that the time was ripe for a general attack. The squadron thereupon passed out to sea, leaving Round island on the right, and proceeded in a single line toward Port Arthur. The first opened fire as she came in front of the enemy's fleet. The Novik and three other ships of the enemy's fleet fought well, the work of the first mentioned being the most creditable. The enemy's fleet did not seem about, but remained stationary like a many floating forts. The three damaged ships did not fire a single shot, and there seemed ground to believe that the damage done by the Japanese torpedoes on the previous night was fatal. The forts opened fire on the Japanese when the latter approached within 12,000 metres of the shore. The Japanese ships held their fire until they got within 7,500 metres. Throughout the action, the Japanese fleet steamed at the rate of 15 knots and at one time went within 3,000 metres of the Russian ships. Only the port guns were used. After passing the fleet, the ships turned and sent in a hot fire from their stern guns before steaming away. The exact loss to the enemy is unknown, but a warship of the Poltava type was seen to have a heavy list to port, and a shot from one 12-inch gun is known to have hit the Bayan. Two other Russian ships were badly damaged by the Japanese fire. The flagship Mikasa took the lead in the engagement, the Asahi coming next. The enemy's flag was concentrated on the Mikasa. The Asahi opened without any damage. The firing of the Japanese ships was accurate and almost every shot told. Their ten shots were fired from the stern 12-inch gun of the Asahi, each one taking effect. The two warships hit by a 10-inch shot from the Novik and the Fuji was hit on her forward funnel. The Mikasa was killed by a shot from one of the Russian ships. Only a piece of his belt was left on the bridge. The Japanese squadron formed in battle array at 9:50 and the Russian opened fire at 11:30. The Japanese replied at 12:30, the engagement lasting forty minutes.

**PROPOSALS FOR LIFESAVING BOAT**

**A Steam Craft to Be Obtained By Popular Subscriptions.**

The organizing committee of the proposed Lifesaving Association met at the office of Mr. J. Felson yesterday afternoon. Captain A. R. Boyd took the chair. The secretary read the minutes of the meeting to be held in the City hall on Wednesday, the 6th April. A draft report of the suggestions to be made to the public meeting was presented, and insurance as further information is shortly expected from England, it was held over for a subsequent meeting. It may be stated, however, that the committee are so far prepared to make recommendations, as follows:

1. That a steam lifeboat be obtained for Victoria.
2. That should funds become available, the best life-saving appliances of other descriptions be obtained from time to time.
3. That each person contributing the sum of \$1 and upwards to the funds of the association, be recorded as honorary members for one year.
4. That a day be set apart in each year for the purpose of special collection of funds for the association—preferably "Victoria Day," 24th May.

Some very interesting communications were received from Great Yarmouth and Gorleston, England, together with a large photograph of the lifeboat "Victoria Day," showing her crew all in full life-saving uniforms. This lifeboat was built by Reeding Brothers, Limited, of Great Yarmouth, and is most highly recommended by Mr. R. G. Gifford, lately, the honorary secretary of Gorleston volunteer lifeboat service. Messrs Reeding offer to build a similar boat for about \$3,350—delivered in Yarmouth harbor. Lifeboat Sunday seems to have particular recognition in that part, special sermons being delivered and collections made in aid of the funds.

The meeting adjourned, to meet

**You can try it. FREE.**

Every mother who sends us her address on a post card will receive a generous free sample—enough for eight meals—of

**Nestlé's Food**

LEEMING, MILES & CO., MONTREAL.

**White Rock**

**Pure, Sparkling, Healthful**

SOLD EVERYWHERE

**PITHER & LEISER, IMPORTERS**

**Electric Light**

the only light which gives satisfaction. Keep up with the crowd and insist on having it.

**B. C. Electric Ry. Co., YATES STREET**

**AND BE SURE YOU GET**

**PACKARD'S SPECIAL SHOE DRESSING**

that is the only kind I use.

**PLANET J. GARDEN TOOLS**

**DRILLS, DOUBLE & SINGLE, Wheel Hoes, Horse Hoes, Cultivators, &c.**

**Hardaker AUCTIONEER**

I will remove to my Salerooms, 77-79 Douglas street, and sell without reserve, **FRIDAY, 25th, 2 P. M.**

**DESIRABLE FURNITURE AND EFFECTS**

W. T. Hardaker, Auctioneer

**E. G. PRIOR & CO., LD. L.Y.**

Victoria. Vancouver. Kamloops.

**THE BURNABY CAN FACTORY**

Chiff & Sons, Proprietors.

Manufacturers of Tin Cans of every description. Full particulars with prices, on application.

P. O. Box 101, - NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

**FERTILIZERS!**

**Now Is the Time to Apply Artificial Manures**

No weeds, no inconvenience in handling. It will pay you to use them whether you have a ranch, small vegetable garden or a few flowers.

**Price \$2.25 Per 100 lbs.**

Sufficient for your spare lot 60x60. For list of testimonials and for further particulars, call or write

**Victoria Chemical Co., Limited, OUTER WHARF, TELEPHONE 402.**

**The B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co'y**

Chas. Hayward, President.

Orders attended to at any time, Night or Day.

Charges very Reasonable.

The largest and best appointed undertaking establishment in the province. Telephone No. 48, 305, 404 or 504.

Cavelton, Manager.

Show Rooms and Parlors: 52 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

**GOLD SEAL CRACK-PROOF MINING BOOTS**

Be sure the heels are stamped.

Do sure that the heels and knees are stamped as per cut and that each boot has our "Gold Seal" stamp on the leg. Manufactured only by

**GOODYEAR RUBBER COMPANY**

73 and 75 First St., Portland, Ore.

R. H. PRASER, President.